Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published In Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXXV.--NO. 129 WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1905. WHOLE NO. 11,696

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail,	$5.00
Six Months, "	2.50
Three Months, "	1.25
Two Months, "	1.00

Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

President Roosevelt yesterday received a delegation appointed by the Southern Cotton Growers' Convention, who addressed Mr. Roosevelt and urged him to send a special message to Congress to pass such legislation as will enable him to appoint a commission to investigate the prospects for extending the foreign markets for cotton products. —— The Virginia Corporation Commission cites the Norfolk & Western Railroad Company to a hearing for the fixing of new freight rates on lumber. —— An autopsy on Cadet Midshipman S. Westray Battle, of North Carolina, who died suddenly while falling into ranks at the United States Naval Academy on Sunday, shows that death was due to excessive fatigue. —— The House at Washington appropriated nearly $30,000,000 for the navy, including provision for two powerful battleships; during the discussion, Baker, of New York, criticised the President for cabling condolence to the Czar on account of the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius; Baker attempted to create a sensation by inviting the House to expel him. ——In the Senate yesterday the Swayne impeachment trial proceeded. —— A terrible disaster occurred in an iron mine near Birmingham yesterday, entombing 105 men who are supposed to be dead. —— President Roosevelt has given up hope of securing railroad rate legislation at this session and will call an extra session of Congress in October. —— A complete counterfeiting outfit operated by convicts was discovered in the Virginia penitentiary yesterday. ——New York markets: Money on call was steady at 2½@2½ per cent; cotton was quiet at 7.90; flour was steady; wheat, spot easy, No. 2 red $1.22½ f. o.b. afloat; corn, spot steady, No. 2 56c at elevator; oats, spot barely steady, mixed 26@32 pounds, 37@38c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine easy at 54@54½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 20.

Meteorological data for the twenty four hours ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 55; 8 P. M., 49 degrees; maximum, 65 degrees; minimum 40 degrees; mean 52 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .64; rainfall since first of the month to date, 3.81 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A.M., Sunday 16.8 feet

FORECAST FOR-TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, February 18.—For North Carolina: Rain followed by fair Tuesday; Wednesday fair, fresh northwest winds.

STORM WARNING MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 20.—Advisory Message: Northeast storm warning ordered eleven thirty A. M., for Morehead, Washington, Columbia, Norfolk, Newport News and Fort Monroe. Disturbance on middle Gulf Coast will move northeast with increasing and highly easterly winds on south and middle Atlantic Coast shifting late to-night to north and northwest. GARRIOT.

Port Almanac--February 21,

Sun Rises	6.43 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.46 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H. 3 M.
High Water at Southport	9.48 A. M.
High Water at Wilmington	12.18 P. M.

A heart to heart talk beats a letter with a "burn this letter" postscript.

Senator Knox will please assure the trusts what he meant when he said the President was not going to run amuck.

Even the Kansas Legislature has passed a law requiring separate schools for the races. "John Brown's soul"—is marking time.

Many a politician might profit by the example of the ground hog by taking to his hole when he sees how small a shadow he makes.

Every day or two the market quotations quote butter as "stronger." Can't President Roosevelt use jui jitsu on somebody in this connection.

Now comes a young lady in Iowa who guarantees that she can feed a man on 9 cents a day. We are going to wait a while and see if any other girl will raise the price.

In New York a magistrate declares that a woman can live on 15 cents a day. That giddy man ought to know that there is no such word as can in a woman's dictionary.

Two Omaha women who were starving spent their last nickel to polish the stove in order to keep up appearances in their house. The efforts people make to cut a shine on nothing is what is the matter with a big part of the world.

Says the Philadelphia Press: "The Boston correspondent of a New York paper thinks Massachusetts is the champion State for freak legislation, but he only thinks so because he has not made observations anywhere else." All Legislatures look alike, it seems.

The mayor of Richmond is suppressing naughty pictures and the like, and has even ordered merchants to remove from their windows artificial limbs displaying hosiery. The merchants will still get the benefit of displays at the street crossings on rainy days.

Says the Washington Post: "The State Department intimates that it expects difficulty in getting the Japanese out of Manchuria. Russia discovered that difficulty first." During the war our government has been having a good deal to say and do about preserving the territorial entity of China. That is what Japan has been fighting for, while we have been talking about it.

A BILL TO PREVENT USURY.

Practice of "Money Sharks" About Which Complaint is Often Registered Made Misdemeanor in New Law.

A bill of far-reaching importance and one that is aimed to drive from business the so-called "money-sharks," who prey with usurious interest upon the poorer and more ignorant classes of people, especially in the cities of the State, was drafted yesterday by City Attorney William J. Bellamy at the request of Mayor Wm. E. Springer, after conference with Representative G. J. Boney, who said he would introduce the bill at once in the Legislature and use his utmost endeavor to have it enacted into law forthwith.

The practice of money-lending establishments has frequently been condemned by the State press when notable incidents of their usurious methods would come to light in magistrates' courts, when the victims were sued by the "sharks" to recover household and kitchen furniture, worth many times the value of the loan, and even the excessive interest. Hitherto all effort to correct abuses of this kind has been by imposing prohibitive license taxes and falling back on the general law against usury, all of which has in most cases been evaded. The new act makes the usury of the kind mentioned a criminal act and punishment is made to fit the crime.

The bill is one entitled "An Act to Prevent Usurious Loans on Household and Kitchen Furniture," and provides:

Sec. 1. That any person, firm or corporation who shall or may loan money in any manner whatsoever, whether by note, chattel mortgage, conditional sale or otherwise, upon any article or articles of household or kitchen furniture and shall or may take, receive, reserve or charge a greater rate of interest than six per per centum, either before or after the interest may accrue, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than fifty dollars or imprisoned not more than thirty days and in addition thereto shall forfeit the entire debt and interest which the note or other evidence carries with it or which has been paid or agreed to be paid.

Sec. 2. That in any action brought in any Court of competent jurisdiction to recover upon any such note or other evidence of debt it shall be lawful for the party against whom the action is brought to plead as a defense the penalty above provided for to-wit; the forfeiture of the entire debt and interest. And no cost shall be recovered by any party, who may endeavor to recover upon any usurious contract.

Sec. 3. That this Act shall not apply to contracts heretofore executed.

Sec. 4. That all laws and clauses of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This Act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Other locals, see fourth page.

— Police Sergeant George Smith is acting captain in the absence of Capt. N. J. Williams this week and Policeman M. C. Gray is acting sergeant while Sergeant Smith is acting captain.

—License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Mr. William Beathel Bordeaux, son of Mr. and Mrs. Israel K. Bordeaux, of Currie, and Miss Norah Bessie West, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester James West, of Delgado.

— Tim O'Brien, a sailor from the British steamer "Teesdale," was arrested yesterday by Policeman Hardee upon complaint of the master of the vessel that the seaman had absented himself from the ship longer than he had been given permission.

— Lela E. Melton, the 8-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Melton, died yesterday of consumption at the family home on Masonboro Sound. The funeral will be held this afternoon and the interment will be in Hewlett's burying ground.

— By deed filed for record yesterday Dr. Andrew H. Harriss and wife transferred to Lewis J. Mason and wife, for $800, a tract of land containing 14 acres, more or less, on south side of old Plank road, from Wilmington to Scott's Hill, adjoining lands of Mary L. Mercer and others.

— Messrs. J. H. Rehder & Co. have been awarded the contract for laying a very handsome carpet in Brooklyn Baptist church, a fund for the same having been raised by the Ladies' Aid Society of the congregation. Work was begun yesterday morning.

— Justice Fowler yesterday tried and bound over to Superior Court William Murphy, colored, charged with abandoning his wife and four children. It was shown that Murphy had contributed comparatively nothing to the support of his family since the first of the year, though he was regularly employed at $9 per week and was in fair circumstances.

— Fire in an old dilapidated two-story house, next to the residence of Capt. W. F. Corbett, on Walnut, between Second and Third streets, called out the Department Sunday night about 10:30 o'clock. A defective fireplace caused the blaze and damage to the extent of about $35, covered by insurance with J. VanB. Metts, was done. The house was occupied by colored persons.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Geo. O. Gaylord—Matting.
A. G. Ahrens—It's sure pure.
Masonic—Meeting Wil. Lodge.
Crow & Taylor—Florida oranges.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—Lady or gentleman.
For Sale—Mule, wagon and harness.

Big line of Silver just opened at Bisinger's.

HOLD UP RAILROADS.

Bill in Legislature Requiring Issuance of "Annuals" to Certain State Officers.

WILMINGTON PILOTAGE BILL.

Empie Had it Referred to Senate Judiciary Committee—Gen. Fitzhugh Lee Addressed Assembly in Behalf of Jamestown Exposition.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 20.—The Senate and House convened in joint session this afternoon and listened with pleasure to an address by General Fitzhugh Lee in behalf of the Jamestown Exposition. The House had previously held an informal reception in honor of Gen. Lee in the legislative hall.

In the Senate the bill of perhaps greatest interest to-day was one introduced by Senator Williams, of Davidson, requiring railroads to issue passes to State officers. The bill provides that the president or other chief officer in the State of all railroads doing business and receiving franchises and rights from the State of North Carolina, are directed to deposit with the Treasurer of the State an annual pass over all their roads within the State for the use of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Commissioner of Insurance, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Immigration Agent, or Commissioner, and the Commissioner of Labor and Printing. The bill provoked not a little comment among members and its passage is doubtful.

Mr. Empie, of New Hanover, to-day introduced another bill for the better support of the public schools of his county. It provides that after January 1st, 1906, half of the county and half of the city saloon license tax be devoted to schools. The only material change from the former bill by Mr. Empie is as to the time for the law to take effect.

Another bill by Mr. Empie to-day is one authorizing New Hanover to call an election for the issuance of road bonds for continuance of permanent improvement of the highways in New Hanover. The commissioners may or may not take advantage of the bill as they see fit.

THE PILOTAGE BILL.

The first skirmish of the sharp fight that is sure to occur in the Senate over the Wilmington pilotage bill took place to-day when the bill was reported to the Senate from the engrossing clerk's office.

Senator Empie asked that the bill be referred to the Judiciary Committee instead of the Committee on Propositions and Grievances as was done in the House. Mr. Scales, of Guilford, opposed this, insisting that the Committee on Propositions and Grievances was the proper one to consider the bill. Senators Toms, Cox and others joined Mr. Scales in insisting that reference be according to the usual practice to Propositions and Grievance committee. Senators Gilliam and Fleming were among those who took the part of Empie in demanding reference to the Judiciary Committee. Mr. Empie said his reason for wanting the Judiciary Committee to hear the bill was that it was a much larger committee, having twenty-five members and that by having the bill before this committee, a much fuller hearing could be accorded the bill. The vote on the question of reference was close, there being a bare majority for the Judiciary Committee.

The Senate Judiciary Committee is composed of Mason, of Northampton, chairman; Gilliam, of Edgecombe; Zollicoffer, of Vance; Burton, of Rockingham; Mason, of Gaston; Scales, of Guilford; Duls of Mecklenburg, Foushee, of Durham; Stubbs of Martin, Vann, of Chowan; Webb, of Buncombe; Ward, of Craven; Fleming of Pitt; Wright, of Rowan; Bragaw, of Beaufort; Williams, of Davidson; Toms, of Henderson; Long, of Iredell; Empie New Hanover Eller, of Forsyth, Boddie, of Franklin; Coxe, of Anson; Grady, of Sampson Sinclair of Cumberland; Pearson, of Burke, Bryan, of Youcey.

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate convened at noon with prayer by Rev. J. C. Massee. Joint resolution from the House inviting Gen. Fitzhugh Lee to address the Legislature at 3 P. M. was adopted. The House was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Bumpass. The bills introduced in the House were largely local, except those referred to above.

Introduced in the Senate: By Stringfield, joint resolution to Congress to pension all disabled soldiers; Toms, to exempt sections of Henderson county from special school tax; Wright, to provide burial places for whites at Cullomee; Pearson, relative to certain deeds of corporation; Ward, to amend charter of Newbern; Toms, to establish chain gang in Hendersonville township; McCullouch, to incorporate town of Council's; Boddie, to enable Louisburg township to establish liverying grounds; Foushee, to confer police power on deputy sheriffs in East and West Durham, and Lakewood Park; Pearson, to repeal an act relative to entries and grants; Taylor, protect Mushcreek in Alleghaney, regulate election of Boards of Education in Watauga, Alleghaney and Ashe; Fleming, to extend corporate limits of Shelverdine; Shaw, resolution to pay M. G. McKenzie $4 per day for services; Turrentine, to incorporate Christian Orphanage; McCullouch, to allow Bladen to sell county farm; Long, to allow Iredell to elect county superintendent of education by the people, and to amend quail law in Iredell; Scales, to prevent riding and driving on public roads before improvement is completed, to permit highway commission of Guilford to get road material outside of county, to amend law regulating tax sales, to amend law regulating life insurance; Webb to establish police coust in Asheville.

Bills passed: To incorporate Salemburg; to establish stock law in certain townships of Harnett; to prevent stock from running at large in certain territory in Columbus; to amend the charter of Hamlet; to authorize Sampson to levy special tax; to authorize town of Beaufort to issue bonds or hotel site; to amend banking law; for better support of schools of New Hanover; to amend charter of Asheville Audiiorium Company; to amend charter of Greenville; relating to the Carnegie Library, Charlotte; to prevent fire waste. This prescribes building laws, applying only to towns of 1,000 inhabitants and then only when accepted by resolution of the board of aldermen of such town. Senators Scales and Eller advocated the bill. To provide permanent light and water commission for Greenville.

In the House petitions were presented from citizens of Lincoln for appointment of justices of the peace; citizens of Iredell asking for passage of Advance bill; citizens of Catawba, asking certain Confederates be placed on pension rolls.

Bills introduced were; Redwine, to protect monuments to prohibit sale and manufacture of liquor in Union; Alexander, to limit poll tax and enforce its collection, by Pemister, to establish a street railway between Hickory and Catawba Springs Springs, and to incorporate Highlands, in Catawba; by West, of Bladen, to prohibit sale and and manufacture of liquor within two miles of Council, in Bladen; by Winborne to reincorporate the Chowan Baptist Association; by Joyner, to amend the law of 1899 establishing a dispensary at Jackson, in Northampton by Williams, to amend The Code, relative to exchange of courts by judges; by Henry, for the protection of theatre-goers; by Gayle, to amend the general pension law; by Laughinghouse, to facilitate the collection of city taxes; by McQueen, to prevent the sale of liquor within three miles of Bethesda church, in Moore, and to incorporate certain churches and school houses; by Branch, to amend law establishing a dispensary at Edwards, in Beaufort; by Rector, to consolidate the offices of sheriff and treasurer of Henderson, and to regulate election of tax collector.

SENATOR SIMMONS ARRIVES.

Senator Simmons arrived to-night from Washington and has established headquarters in Room No. 1, at the Yarborough. A number of the executive committeemen have already arrived and the indications are for a very full attendance on the meeting to-morrow night. Chairman Simmons said to-night that he will have no statement to make until he appears before the committee to morrow night. He says he hasn't the least doubt of winning out before the committee in securing an endorsement of the Ward bill in the temperance fight. The anti-Ward bill leaders are also in high spirits and indications are for a sharp fight with nearly even chances.

STATE COUNCIL JR. O. U. A. M.

Meeting in Goldsboro To-day—Wilmington Representatives Left Yesterday.

The 14th annual sessions of the State Council Jr. O. U. A. M. will convene in Goldsboro, N. C., at 10 o'clock this morning. The attendance promises to be large and the meeting fruitful of much good for the order, which has made wonderful strides within the past year or two. Capt. Nathan J. Williams, representative from George Washington Council, of this city, left yesterday morning for Goldsboro to attend the meeting, and Mr. John E. Wood, representative from Jeff Davis Council, and City Attorney Wm. J. Bellamy, chairman of the State legislative committee of the order, left last night to be present at the great gathering of Juniors. Representative Walter E. Yopp, also of Jeff Davis Council, intended to leave last night, but owing to the death of Mr. C. H. King he was forced to remain and will not go up until to-dayt. Rev. F. M. Sawyer, the Methodist minister at Town Creek, will also attend as a delegate from Worth Bagley Council, of Elizabeth City, he having resided there until his assignment to the church in Brunswick a few weeks ago.

POSTOFFICE PUBLIC SQUARE.

Senators and Congressman Patterson Give Their Attention to Plan of Mayor.

Senators Simmons and Overman and Representative Patterson have written that they will do all in their power to have the government improve the postoffice green and convert it to the use of the people as a public square along the lines suggested in a letter to them by Mayor Springer a few days ago, reference to which was made in these columns at some length at that time.

Each of the gentlemen states in his reply to the Mayor that they will confer at once and ascertain the best course to pursue with reference to the improvement. The Treasury Department, under the control of which are all public buildings and grounds of the class mentioned, will be besought and, if necessary, a bill will be introduced in Congress authorizing the expenditure for the improvement. Each of the Senators addressed and Congressman Patterson expressed pleasure at having an opportunity to serve the city.

Bad Negro This.

Alex. McPherson, colored, was arraigned in Justice Fowler's court yesterday upon a double charge of assault and battery with a deadly weapon and was sent to jail in default of bond for his appearance in Superior Court. It was proved that on the 30th day of last August McPherson assaulted Caroline Hamilton with a lighted lamp, striking her several times over the head with the instrument, finally breaking the lamp and spilling the oil all over her; fortunately after the light had gone out. Sunday night McPherson visited Caroline's house again and asked for something to eat. She appeared a little slow in preparing the food and McPherson laid her cheek open with a bottle he picked up and hurled at her.

— The teams of Harper and Dosher and McCeachy and Loughlin will play in the Y. M. C. A. League Friday night of this week.

HOROSCOPIC VIEW.

Representative Boney Talks Interestingly of Work Pending in General Assembly.

THE SEVERAL LOCAL BILLS.

Mayor Springer Leaves for Raleigh to Look After Municipal Measures—Legalized Primary Law—Election of Magistrates.

Representative G. J. Boney spent yesterday in the city, having arrived Sunday night from Wallace, where he stopped over a day on his return from a business trip to Richmond, Va., having left Raleigh Saturday morning. He returned to Raleigh last night after a pleasant greeting by his many friends here and a conference with several parties interested in legislation pending before the General Assembly.

Mr. Boney talked interestingly to a representative of the STAR with reference to the proceedings of the lawmakers at the capitol. He is of the opinion that the sessions of the Legislature will continue a few days after March 4th, when the pay of members expires by limitation, and he says much business will be transacted before that time. As yet nothing has been done with reference to a rearrangement of the judicial districts and the Ward liquor bill will likely claim its share of attention in the House when it comes up from the Liquor Traffic Committe after the meeting of that committee this afternoon. Then the Wilmington pilotage bill is likely to consume considerable time in the Senate, so that all in all there will be much doing before the curtain rings down on the 1905 sessions of the Assembly.

Mr. Boney says he hopes for early passage of his bill to elect the County Commissioners of New Hanover by the people. The bill to elect magistrates by the people he says, will be unnecessary as that is now the law, but it has been rendered obsolete by the passage of a special act of the Legislature at each session, appointing them by the Legislature. In the future there will be no omnibus bill for New Hanover, appointing magistrates and in the absence of such a bill, the magistrates will be elected by the people under the general law.

Mr. Boney says as soon as he returns to Raleigh he will at once look up the bill authorizing the county to establish a work house in connection with the County Home and will have it put on its several readings in the House at once. Chairman D. McEachern and Commissioner H. L. Vollers, of the New Hanover Board, are now in Raleigh in that interest.

Another matter which Mr. Boney says will engage his attention early this week is a bill to legalize the primaries in New Hanover, from the lack of which the people have suffered for some time. The bill will probably be fashioned after that which obtains in Charlotte and Mecklenburg and will be drawn and introduced by Mr. Boney as soon as he gets back to Raleigh. Mr. Boney says a promise to have such a law enacted was embodied in the platform upon which he was elected and he feels in honor bound to get the measure through as quickly as possible. He says he contemplates the introduction of no bill making the Board of Audit and Finance elective by the people or by the wards as that was not included in his platform.

The City Bills.

Representative Boney was accompanied on his return to Raleigh last night by Mayor William E. Springer, who will appear this afternoon before the committee on Cities, Counties and Towns in behalf of the municipal bills recommended for passage by the Board of Aldermen. It is not anticipated that there will be objection to any of the bills as they appear to have gone forward with the unqualified endorsement of a majority of the people. In addition to the bills recommended by the Aldermen is another to empower the city, in case such should be deemed advisable by the Aldermen, to establish and maintain an industrial school.

A bill was introduced yesterday afternoon by Mr. Empie in the Senate, authorizing the County Commissioners, in case at any time it should be deemed advisable, to call another election upon the question of a bond issue for continuing the permanent road improvement. The question of the bond issue, in any event, will, of course, be submitted to a vote of the people.

A bill of wide importance, tending to correct abuses by driving out "mone sharks," is referred to at length elsewhere in to-days paper.

Judge E. K. Bryan went up to Raleigh Sunday night on professional business and to appear Monday afternoon before the committee in opposition to the Federal Point fence law. Advocates of the bill are represented in Raleigh by Hon. C. M. Busbee.

Mayor's Court Yesterday.

Half a dozen offenders greeted the Mayor in the police court yesterday. Wash Murphy, colored, was fined $5 and costs for disorderly conduct and was bound over to Superior Court under bond of $25 to answer a charge of an assault with a deadly weapon upon his wife. Murphy was arrested by Policeman H. P. Merritt. Five defendants were fined $5 and costs each. One of the number was Thos. Mulford, white, who had been arrested by Policeman V. A. Jones for being drunk and down.

ACCIDENT PROVED FATAL.

Mr. Charles Sylvester King, Injured at Lumber Mill Plant Last Monday, Died of His Injuries Yesterday.

Mr. Charles Sylvester King, the saw mill superintendent of the Cape Fear Lumber Company in this city who was so severely injured, suffering a fracture of the skull at the plant of the company last Monday, died yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the James Walker Memorial Hospital where he had lain unconscious ever since the accident. It was a strange coincidence that Mr. King passed away within a few minutes of just a week after he was hurt. The announcement of the death will bring regret to very many friends of Mr. King in this city and sincere sympathy will well up in the hearts of every one for the wife and large family of thirteen sons and daughters, who are left without husband and father as a result of the sad mishap.

Mr. King was born April 17th, 1848, in the town of Pelicodiac, Westmoreland county, New Brunswick, Canada, therefore he was in the 57th year of his age. He was of Scotch and Irish extraction and came to the country of his adoption in 1868, becoming a naturalized citizen of the United States and taking a lively interest in all of its affairs. During the years of 1893 and 1894 he represented his section in the Pennsylvania Legislature and his career there redowned both to the credit of himself and to his constituents. He had been actively engaged in the lumber business for about 33 years and was well known throughout the country as a lumberman of ability. He came to Wilmington about four years ago and since his residence here had impressed all with his high ideals of manhood and his strong Christian character. He was a member of Grace M. E. church and took a lively interest in the religious life of the city.

The funeral of the deceased will be held from the family residence, No. 306 North Sixth street, at 3:30 o'clock to-night by his pastor, the Rev. N. M. Watson, and the remains will be taken Wednesday morning to Williamsport, Pa., for burial. Mr. Frank King, of Chicago, and Mr. George King, of Pennsylvania, sons of the deceased, one of them being a student for the ministry, are already here and will accompany the remains North.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. A. H. Ward, the popular young bank cashier of Lumberton, arrived last night.

— Dr. J. Harry Honnet and Mrs. George Honnet returned Sunday evening from a two week's trip to New York.

— Her many friends will regret to learn that Mrs. Prempert is quite ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. H. W. Bonlitz at the Bonlitz Hotel.

— Mr. and Mrs. Gaston Lord Myers have arrived in the city from their wedding tour through Florida and are at home at the residence of Capt. Thos. D. Meares.

— Among yesterday's arrivals were J. L. Quinn, Jacksonville, N. C.; O. L. Clark and M. B. McAulay, Clarkton; J. A. Brown, Chadbourn; J. F. Woodward, Warsaw, and Luke W. Boney, Rose Hill.

—United States Postoffice Inspector S. H. Buck and Mr. Henry Matthews, United States rural free delivery agent, are in the city on official business and were pleasant callers at the office of Postmaster Wallace last evening.

— Mr. J. Mercer Taylor, the popular night clerk at the postoffice, who returned Saturday from a visit to his sister in Henderson and to his brother, Representative C. Ed. Taylor, in Raleigh, is confined to his home with la grippe.

— This evening at their home on Market street, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Parsley will entertain in honor of the Misses Parsley. Thursday Mrs. John A. Arringdale will entertain a number of her friends at her pretty home on South Third street.

DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY.

Monthly Meeting Yesterday—Death of Miss Kelley—For Memorial Day.

The regular monthly meeting of Cape Fear Chapter No. 2, Daughters of the Confedracy, was held yesterday afternoon. Miss Hettie James, vice-president of the Chapter, presided in the absence of Mrs. Willard, the president, who is travelling abroad; Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, the recording secretary, kept a record of the proceedings, and, despite the very inclement weather, there was a good attendance of members. The business of the meeting, while important, was largely routine. The committees and the treasurer all made very gratifying reports, and an increased interest in the work was noted.

The death of Miss Inez Kelley, one of the valued members of the Chapter, was feelingly announced, and the Laurel Wreath Committee presented beautiful resolutions in honor of her memory, which were unanimously adopted. Mrs. R. W. Hicks, corresponding secretary of the Chapter was requested to write a proper letter of condolence to the family, expressing the feeling of the organization.

Arrangements for the annual observance of Memorial Day on May 10th, has been committed to the Memorial Day Committee of the Chapter and work has already been commenced to the end that the celebration this year may be fully up to the standard of similar occasions in the past.

See the up-to-date line of Silver at Bisinger's.

Speaking of Oxfords!

We especially invite the Ladies to come in and inspect our line of Low Shoes for the Spring. We will show you the swellest line of "up to the minute" Oxfords ever seen in Wilmington.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS,

feb 19 tf 108 North Front Street.

Cement! Cement!

Schooner "Harry W. Haynes" has arrived with a cargo of Portland Cement containing

1,900 barrels of "Alpha" Portland Cement and 500 barrels of "Saylor's" Portland Cement,

Get our prices before placing your orders

ROGER MOORE'S SONS & CO.,

jan 19 tf 103, 104 and 105 North Water street.

FUNERAL OF WM. H. CUTTS.

Distinguished Honor Shown Deceased by Pythians and Fellow Employes.

Accompanied by a delegation of eight of his fellow employes in the A. C. L. shops at Rocky Mount, his mother, Mrs. A. L. Cutts; his sisters, Mrs. J. M. Stevenson and Mrs. A. Johnson, of Rocky Mount; his brothers, Capt. J. A. Cutts, of Florence, S. C., and Mayor Chas Cutts, of Cordele, Ga., and his brother-in-law, Mr. A. Johnson, of Rocky Mount, the remains of the late William H. Cutts, arrived in Wilmington Sunday morning and were tenderly laid to rest in Oakdale cemetery the same afternoon, after impressive funeral services at 3:30 o'clock in St. John's Episcopal church, the Rev. James Carmichael, D. D., the rector, officiating.

The sad funeral party was met at the station by Grand Chancellor Wm. F. Robertson, and a delegation of Wilmington Pythians, consisting of Col. Walker Taylor, Chancellor Commander Anson Alligood and State Deputy Grand Chancellor J. D. Nutt, who acted as an honorary funeral escort, the deceased having taken the first degree in the order at Rocky Mount. The Pythians also sent a pretty floral tribute in the design of an anchor with the emblematical letters "F.C.B." interwoven. The delegation from Rocky Mount represented the machinists' union at Rocky Mount and was composed of Messrs. Wm. H. Walsh Jr., William D. Thomas, L. S. Earnhardt, F. P. Howell, J. D. Carroll, D. R. Dixon, C. B. Ellsworth, C. A. Morise. They were guests at The Orton while in the city, returning Sunday evening.

FUNERAL OF MR. J. D. SMITH.

Remains Laid to Rest in Oakdale After Impressive Services at Residence.

In the presence of a large number of friends at the late residence, No. 218 North Second street, impressive funeral services were conducted at 4:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon over the remains of the late James Dickson Smith, the Rev. J. M. Wells, Ph.D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church, assisted by the Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, officiating. The funeral hymns were sweetly rendered by a quartette composed of Mr. and Mrs. Greene Fenley, Miss Mattie Lee Horne and Mr. Herbert K. Holden. The floral tributes were exceedingly handsome.

The interment was in Oakdale cemetery, the pall-bearers having been: Honorary, Dr. W. E. Storm, Dr. E. J. Wood, Messrs. W. H. Sprunt and Greene Fenley; active, Col. C. H. White, Capt. James McDougald, Dr. J. W. Kibler, Messrs. Luther Toon, W. J. Bergen, W. G. Herring, U. M. Robinson and J. U. Stewart.

CAROLINA YACHT CLUB.

Annual Meeting Last Night—Election of Officers and Other Business.

The annual meeting of the Carolina Yacht Club was held last night in the Court House, Commodore John K. Williams presiding, and the purser, Mr. John B. Peschau, at his desk as secretary. The feature of the meeting was the election of officers for the ensuing term which resulted as follows:

Commodore—J. VanB. Metts.
Fleet Captain—Chas. W. Worth.
Flag Captain—W. L. Parsley.
Purser—John B. Peschau.
Treasurer—H. J. McMillan, Jr.
Marshal—H. McL. Green.
Governing Board—E. Payson Willard, R. C. DeRosset and S. M. Boatwright.

Two or three slight amendments to the by-laws with reference to membership, etc. were made and the usual routine business was transacted. Several contemplated improvements for the coming season, including a proposition to build a bowling alley, were left with the Governing Board.

Smallpox Quarantined.

The Health Department yesterday quarantined two cases of smallpox, one of the patients being Mrs. Sellars, who lives two doors from the residence of Mr. McCartney, at No. 316 South Sixth street, and the other being a colored man named Wilson, 913 North Second street. Mr. Robert C. Sellars, a son of Mrs. Sellars, went to the detention house, but Mrs. Sellars remained in quarantine at her home. Mr. Sellars has not yet contracted the disease.

CIGARS! CIGARS!

CHEROOTS! CHEROOTS!

CIGARETTES.

White Knight

Fontella,
El Capitan,
El Provedo and
La Exceptional,
OHTERS, TOO

The F. B. Hashagen Co.,

Wholesale Groceries and Tobaccos.

feb 16 tf

If it comes from our drug store, where everything good in drugs and sundries is sold at the lowest prices.

'Phone No. 644.

ADOLPH G. AHRENS,

feb 21 tf Druggist.

FLORIDA TOMATOES,

EVAPORATED APPLES AND PEACHES,

Prunes, Evaporated Cream, Breakfast Bacon Mackerel and Chippedbeef, Standard Canned Goods, Graham Flour, Smithfield Hams. In fact everything good to eat.

CROW & TAYLOR,

GROCERS.

Phone 185 14 MARKET STREET.
feb 21 tf

Merchants & Truckers

o have genuine Aristook county (Maine) Seed Potatoes. North Carolina Rust Proof Oats, and Genuine Peruvian Guano to grow them. Also four good farm mules for sale.

HALL & PEARSALL,

INCORPORATED

feb 4 tf

WANTED.

HIDES AND FURS OF ALL KINDS.

Highest Market Prices Paid.

SAM'L BEAR, SR., & SONS,

nov 27 tf 18 Market St.

Bananas! Bananas!

Our third car load of fine Jamaicas will arrive here next week. We want your orders. Will ship you fine Fruit and make prices right.

We have on hand some choice N. Y. State Apples, Florida Oranges and Danish Cabbage.

E. F. HINES CO.,

Strictly Wholesale.

ja 5 tf 109 and 111 North Water Street

The Only Restaurant.

Regular Dinner 25 Cents.

Board by the Week $4.00.

Special rates by the month.

jan 22 tf

MASONIC TEMPLE, February 21, 1905.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M

Regular monthly Communication this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

By order of W. M.

THOS. F. BAGLEY, Secretary.

feb 21 1t

The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 21.

ENLARGED MARKET FOR COTTON PRODUCTS.

The STAR on Sunday published an Associated Press dispatch from Washington stating that a large delegation appointed at the Southern Inter-State Cotton Convention held at New Orleans a few weeks ago arrived in Washington on Saturday and had arranged to call on President Roosevelt yesterday. The delegation consists of cotton growers and manufacturers and the object of their presence in Washington is to present to the President an address asking his co-operation in bringing about conditions for the improvement of the cotton industry and to urge upon him a careful and systematic study of the possibilities for expanding the cotton trade. Of course, the delegation has in view some efforts to hunt wider markets for raw cotton, and particularly for the products of our cotton mills, since the industry would receive a double benefit from the export of manufactured cottons.

We have believed all along that a 15,000,000 bale crop was none too big for the necessities of the world, but since the Boxer disturbance in China, followed by the war between Russia and Japan, the greatest opportunity for the cotton trade has practically been cut off. Our people have no idea how disastrous the unsettled conditions in China, leading up to the bloody war over the preservation of the territorial entity of that vast Empire, has affected the industries of this country, and especially those of the South.

The visit of the Southern cotton men in Washington is attracting more than sectional notice. For instance, the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin contains a long editorial discussing the movement. That able paper says:

The delegation may count on a sympathetic reception, inasmuch as the President, in his last annual message to Congress, took occasion to repeat and emphasize the recommendations made by his predecessor for an appropriation "for a commission to study the industrial and commercial conditions in the Chinese Empire, and to report as to the opportunities for and the obstacles to the enlargement of markets in China for the raw products and manufactures of the United States. The delegation will find the President already impressed with the fact that the importance of securing proper information and data with a view to the enlargement of our trade with Asia is undiminished, and doubtless they will find his mind open for the reception of any further considerations which they may have to present on this subject. These must necessarily relate mainly to the undeveloped possibilities of trade with China, since it is here and here alone that the area of consumptioon is so vast as to present practically an indefinite prospect of expansion for our trade. It is true that if the future is to be tested by the experience of the immediate past there seems but little to warrant any sanguine expectations. We exported to China in 1902 cotton cloth to the value of $16,000,000, but in 1903 this amount was cut down by one-half, while in the last calendar year, though there was a sharp recovery, the total was still $2,000,000 below that of 1902. Looking a little below the surface, however, the outlook becomes more encouraging. Of the $14,000,000 worth of cotton cloth exported to China last year, $10,000,000 represents the value of these exports for the last six months of the year, so that there is every prospect that the returns for the current fiscal year will show a total of $20,000,006, or 20 per cent. more than that attained in the calendar year 1902.

The thesis which the cotton mill men will be required to sustain is that the Government can do something for the manufacturers and exporters of the United States which they cannot do for themselves. In arguing on this point the delegation may properly call attention to the testimony of all recent investigators in regard to the "immeasurable" possibilities of China's trade. Previous commercial commissions are entirely as one on this point, as are independent authorities like Mr. Colquhon who have made a careful study of China and its people. An instructive illustration of how little is really known about the interior of China is furnished by some recent comments of the "North China Daily News" in regard to the revealing influence of railroad construction. The "News" refers to the discovery in the interior of China of great centers of business of which foreign merchants doing business in China have never heard; large and busy towns full of life and commercial enterprise whose existence is a revelation to that numerous class who had an idea that, apart from one or two large cities, which were also treaty ports, the interior of China was sprinkled over with dirty villages having dirtier inns, and decayed towns which woke up into an hour or two's life on market days, and then went to sleep again to dream of the glories of some hundreds of years ago when China was really a great country. Referring to the description of the thriving city of Chengchou in Honan, furnished by a correspondent, the statement is made that it is still more astonishing to realize that there are hundreds of such towns in China of which people have never heard, but with which the progress of railroad building is making them acquainted.

It is certainly a fair assumption that revelations such as these present a solid basis for the expectations which has been indulged in of the possibilities of the future of foreign trade with China, when the contemplated railways and others that are sure to follow them become accomplished facts. That less than a thousand miles from the port of Shanghai there should exist a world of whose existence its active and enterprising merchants were absolutely ignorant, suggests, at least, the inadequacy of merely private enterprise for ascertaining what are the undeveloped capacities for the consumption of foreign goods in the interior of China. A properly accredited commercial commission, bearing the stamp of official recognition from both governments, could penetrate where no mere commercial traveler would be permitted to go, and could command sources of information which would be absolutely closed to the representative of any private trading concern. It may certainly be claimed, with every appearance of justice, that when our trade has attained such respectable dimensions and yet has merely scratched the surface of the possibilities of China, there is untold development to be expected when the interior markets are fairly opened and the consuming capacity of the hundreds of millions of Chinamen receives the impetus which a new era of internal development is certain to give it. The regeneration of China, in a material sense, has been retarded by influences from without as well as by those from within. Happily, the passing of the one implies also the passing of the other. That is to say, the defeat of the territorial ambitions which threatened the integrity of the empire involves also the acceptance of liberal and progressive ideas by the central government at Pekin. The powers which found their interest in trying to bring about the dismemberment of China did their best, by way of preparing for such a result, to keep its government both weak and corrupt. The powers whose sole interest in China is the preservation in its markets of equal commercial opportunity for all are bound to strain every endeavor to make its government both enlightened and honest. As it is the policy of these powers which will sway the destines of China in the immediate future, the conditions must be conceded to be exceptionally favorable for a careful study of the opportunities which the empire is likely to present for the expansion of American trade.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—A man would fight like anything against staying out late at night is his wife tried to make him.—New York Press.

—The Senate will wait until this dispute is well over before they dare to establish the whipping post in Washington.—Baltimore Sun.

—No Standard Oil man has yet been heard of buying tickets for Japan or engaging hotel room in Montreal as a result of Beef Trust convictions.—N. Y. World.

—What we think, as we have said, that the argument which the President makes in favor of his interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine under existing conditions is worthy of serious attention and consideration by the Senate, we do not think that there is that slightest excuse for the President's having undertaken to embark the nation upon his new policy without consulting Congress.—Norfolk Landmark.

—While maintaining the prerogatives of the Senate against Executive encroachments the Senators make the most touching expressions of confidence in the good intentions of President Roosevelt. What they feared only was the making a precedent which might be dangerous in the hands of a future Executive. Some Madison, or Monroe, or Cleveland, for example, might arise in the future to dispute the constitutional authority of the Senate in regard to treaties. President Roosevelt must be highly gratified by such an evidence of Senatorial confidence.—Philadelphia Record.

—The Senate, by a very narrow vote, killed the juvenile reformatory bill. The bill provided for the appropriation of $5,000 for the industrial education of juvenile convicts, and it was asserted that much of the opposition come from the fact that an appropriation was carried in the bill. In so important a matter the sum of $5,000 ought not to be considered, but the bill was killed by a majority of only one. The State has a reformatory at present for youthful criminals, situated in Lexington, but it is a part of the penitentiary and does not carry out the idea of industrial education as the bill proposed.—Columbia Record.

Fraud Exposed.

A few counterfeiters have lately been making and trying to sell imitations of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and other medicines, thereby defrauding the public. This is to warn you to beware of such people, who seek to profit through stealing the reputation of remedies which have been successfully curing diseases for over thirty-five years. A sure protection to you is our name on the wrapper. Look for it on all Dr. King's or Bucklen's remedies, as all others are mere imitations. H. E. BUCKLEN & Co., Chicago, Ill., and Windsor, Canada.

Catarrh and Hay Fever.

Liquid Cream Balm is becoming quite as popular in many localities as Ely's Cream Balm sold. It is prepared for use in atomizers, and is highly prized by those who have been accustomed to call upon physicians for such a treatment. Many physicians are using and prescribing it. All the medicinal properties of the celebrated Cream Balm are contained in the liquid form, which is 75 cents, including a spraying tube. All druggists, or by mail. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

For Over Sixty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over 60 years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

REWARD of $1,000 OFFERED

To any one proving that the following statement is not based on actual facts:

More Reynolds' Sun Cured chewed the third year it was offered to the trade than any brand of any age claimed to be manufactured from Sun Cured Tobacco.

TWINKLINGS.

— "She told me she was unmarried, and now I find that she is a divorcee." "Well, isn't a divorcee unmarried?"—Houston Post.

— "Is the baby much like his father?" "Is he? Just mention the word 'whiskey' and watch him.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

— The New Maid: Madam, your husband is lying unconscious in the library, with a large box beside him and crushing a paper in his hand. Madam: Ah, my new hat has come.—Life.

—"I think the Czar of Russia is a very inconsistent man." "Nonsense. He wanted universal peace a year ago, and it is safe to gamble that he wants it now worse than he did then."—Life.

— She—The man I marry must be "only a little lower than the angels." He (suddenly flopping)—"Here I am on my knees, a little lower than one of them." He got her.—New York Weekly.

— "Every household ought to have an encyclopedia," observed the professor. "I think so, too," responded Miss Flutterby. "They are so handy to press crumpled ribbons, and flowers, and letters, and things."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

—Ruby, who was dining with her elders, had her choice of her favorite desserts. "Which will you have, Ruby, ice cream or jam?" her indulgent father asked. After a moment's hesitation she said: "Give me a little of each and a lot of both.—Lippincott's.

— The Young Woman, surprised and indignant. How dare you kiss me sir! Penitent Young Man: Why you said you'd like to see me do it. The Young Woman: But you know as well as I did that I said it with an exclamation point at the end.—Chicago Tribune.

— Proprietor of Big Iron Works—If I understand you correctly, you wish to place an order for armor plate that no cannon shot can pierce. We are turning out that kind of thing every day—— Agent of Foreign Government—No; you misunderstood. I wish to know if you can manufacture a cannon that can pierce any armor plate. Proprietor—Certainly, sir. We are doing that kind of thing every day, too.—Answers.

—At Annapolis, Md., Midshipman Samuel Westray Battle, of the second class at the Naval Academy, and a son of Surgeon Samuel Westray Battle, United States navy, retired, of Asheville, N. C., dropped dead as the brigade of midshipmen were called to dinner formation shortly after 12 o'clock Sunday. He had just taken his place as third petty officer of the second battalion's ninth company when he was stricken with heart failure. He fell before any one reached him, and was dead when picked up by his mates. Young Battle entered the academy in August, 1902, from Asheville. He was popular with his class and schoolmates and stood well in his studies. He was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1901, by President McKinley, and had heretofore enjoyed perfect health. He was 21 years old, and was a brother of Mrs Mortimer Hancock, whose husband is with the Royal Fusileers, British army, stationed at Hamilton Bermuda.

HOW IT STICKS.

Wilmington Has Found It Hard to Shake Off.

Hard to bear, harder to get rid of, Is any itching skin complaint, Eczema or Itching Piles.

Doan's Ointment relieves and cures.

All Itchiness of the skin.

Wilmington people endorse this statement:

C. H. Horton, printer on the Morning Star, residing at 109½ Dock street, says: "I had a rash on my body which had been bothering me for some time and often almost set me wild. I used lots of medicine and remedies, but without relief until I procured Doan's Ointment from Bellamy's drug store. I found it to be most excellent. I do not believe it was ten minutes after I I applied it before I had relief. I am glad to let others know of an effective preparation like Doan's Ointment proved to be in my case."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Poisons in Food.

Perhaps you don't realize that many pain poisons originate in your food, but some day you may feel a twinge of dyspepsia that will convince you. Dr. King's New Life Pills are guaranteed to cure all sickness due to poisons of undigested food, or money back. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. Try them.

Uncommercial Liszt.

Artistic folk frequently have somewhat vague notions about business. Some of them are quite ignorant of it, others utterly indifferent to it and others yet hate the very name of it. One in the last named category was Liszt. He had returned from a successful tour, and Princess Metternich, the wife of the celebrated statesman and diplomatist, was questioning him regarding the concerts he had been giving abroad.

"I hear," she said, "that you did good business in Paris."

To which Liszt gave the tart reply: "I only played some music there. Business—that I leave to bankers and diplomatists."

To another lady the musical cleric gave a still more sarcastic answer. "Ah, Abbe," she sighed, "what a great fortune you would make if only you could be induced to go to America to play!"

"Madame," returned Liszt, "if you stood in need of that fortune, believe me, I would go at once."—Collier's Weekly.

The Eye of the East.

Damascus, perhaps the most ancient city in the world, claims the proud title of "the Eye of the East," which the striking beauty of its aspect from a distance fully justifies.

Bright buildings which sparkle under the Syrian sun rise out of a mass of many tinted foliage. To the northwest stretch the long, bare, snow white ridges of Anti-Lebanon, while in charming contrast gardens, rich cornfields and teeming orchards form a brilliant setting on all sides.

Winding through this profuse display of oriental beauty, the rivers Barrada and Phege—the Abana and Pharpar of Scripture—lose themselves far to the east in Lake Bahr-el-Merj. On a nearer view much of this glamour vanishes, and there is abundant evidence of general decay.

A similar title is given to Athens in Milton's "Paradise Regained." It is:

Athens, the eye of Greece, mother of arts.

The Name Moses.

It is a curious fact, unknown perhaps to a majority of readers, that Moses of Scriptural fame was called by eight different names in various places in the Bible. Bathia, the daughter of Pharaoh, called him Moses because she drew him out of the water. Jochebed, his mother, called him Jekuthiel, saying, "I had hoped for him." Miriam, his sister, called him Jared because she had descended after him into the water to see what his end would be. Aaron called his brother Abi Zanuch because his father had deserted their mother. Amram, the father of Moses, called the boy Chabar because he was again reunited to the mother of the lad.

Kehath, the grandfather of Moses, called him Abigdor because God had repaired the breach in the house of Jacob. The nurse of the grandfather of Moses called him Abi Socho because he was once hidden three months in the Tabernacle. All Israel called him Shemaiah because "In his days God heard their cries and rescued them from their oppressors."

A Useful Coffin.

A writer in an English church magazine once found in a collier's cottage in Staffordshire a coffin used as a bread and cheese cupboard. Notwithstanding his wife's remonstrance, he told the story of the coffin as follows: "Eighteen years ago I ordered that coffin. The wife and me used to have a good many words. One day she said, 'I'll niver be content till I see thee in thy coffin.' 'Well, lass,' I said, 'if that 'll content thee it 'll soon be done.'

"Next day I gave directions to have the thing made. In a few days it came home, to the wife's horror. I got into it and said, 'Now, lass, are thee content?' She began to cry and wanted the 'horrid thing' taken away. But that I wouldn't allow. In the end she got accustomed to seein' it, and, as we wanted to turn it to some use, we had some shelves put in and made it into a bread and cheese cupboard. We have niver quarreled since it came."

Preferred Hogs to Land.

They tell a good one on a prominent real estate man of Waurika. Some time ago he carried a prospector over on Beaver creek to show him a certain claim. He told the man that it was an exceptionally fine claim, that the land did not overflow and that he would sell it to him for $4,000. The man looked around and discovered some red mud way up in a tree and asked the real estate man what caused that mud in the tree tops if the land did not overflow. The agent promptly replied that there was a kind of hog raised over in the Chickasaw country which used to range on the creek and that they rubbed the mud on the trees. The prospector took a look over the land, glanced up in the tree again and told the Waurika man that he wouldn't take the claim, but he would give him $4,000 for a couple of those hogs.—Kansas City Journal.

The Cranberry.

The value of the cranberry as a medicinal agent was early recognized by the American aborigines, who prepared poultices from them to extract the venom from poisoned arrows. On the same principle they are used now as a remedy for erysipelas, taken internally or applied as a poultice. In malarial and typhoid conditions the acid of the fruit is specially commended, while dyspeptics who lack gastric juice are also offered cranberries. Eaten raw they are said to be an excellent remedy for biliousness. As a health food cranberries should not be strained, as too much of their substance is lost.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

(Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, February 20.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market firm at $1.60 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $2.30 per barrel for hard, $3.70 for dip.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.40; crude turpentine firm at $2.25@4.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	4
Rosin	30
Tar	38
Crude turpentine	44

Receipts same day last year—Holiday.

COTTON.

Market steady at 7.50c for middling.

Same day last year, market dull at 13c for middling.

Receipts—308 bales; same day last year, holiday.

(Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.)

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 95c; extra prime, $1.00; fancy, $1.10, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 85c; extra prime, 90c; fancy, 95c. Spanish, 85@90c.

CORN—Firm; 60@65c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@15c per pound; shoulders, 11c; sides, dull, 10@11c.

EGGS—Dull at 20@22c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 15@35c; springs, 12½@15c.

TURKEYS—Dull at 12½c for live; 19½c for dressed.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25@27c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6c per pound.

PORK—Firm at 7@8c net.

PEAS—White, $1.75@1.85; clay, $1.20@1.35.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60@75c per bushel.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull at 2@3½c per pound.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Money on call steady at 2½@2¾ per cent.; closing bid 2½ per ct, offered at 2½; time loans slightly firmer; sixty days 3 per cent.; ninety days 3 per cent.; six months 3¼@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange was quoted weak, with actual business in bankers' bills 487.45@487.50 for demand and at 485.25@485.30 for sixty day bills. Posted rates were 486 and 488½. Commercial bills 485@485½. Bar silver 61. Mexican dollars 47¾. U. S. refunding 2's, reg'd, 104½; do. coupon, 104½; U. S. 3's, registered, 108¼; do. coupon, 108¾; U. S. 4's, new, registered, 131½; U. S. 4's, new, coupon, 131½; U. S. 4's, old; registered, 108½; do. coupon, 108½, American Tobacco 4's cert., 75¾; American Tobacco 6's cert., 116¾; Atlantic Coast Line 4's, 103¾; Louisville & Nashville, unified 4's, 103; Seaboard Air Line 4's 91; Southern Railway 5's, 119¾. Stocks: Atlantic Coast Line 121¾; Baltimore & Ohio preferred 97; Chesapeake & Ohio 51¾; Louisville & Nashville 138½; Manhattan L 172¾; New York Central 147½; Reading 94¾; do. 1st pref'd, 91½; do. 2nd pref'd 90; Southern Railway 34¾; do. pref'd 97¾; Amalgamated Copper 75¾; People's Gas 106½; Tennessee Coal and Iron 83¾; U. S. Leather 13¾; U. S. Leather preferred, 105; Western Union 93¼; U. S. Steel 32½; do. preferred 95½; Mexican Central 22¾; Virginia-Carolina Chemical, 38; sales — shares; do. preferred, 109½; sales — shares. Standard Oil 610 ex div.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 17¼@18¼; do. preferred, 38½ asked.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine easy at 54@54½c.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 20.—Spirits turpentine and rosin—nothing doing.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 20.—Spirits turpentine 52c, nothing doing; receipts 118 casks; no sales; shipments 150 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 1,524 barrels; sales 657 barrels; shipments 2,962 barrels: A, B, C, $2 67½; D, $2 72½; E, $2 77½; F, $2 85; G, $2 90; H $3 25; I, $3 50; K, $4 95; M, $4 50; N, $4 75; W G, $5 00; W W $5 15.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—After a sharp bulge, early, carrying the cotton market to the highest point of the upward movement on continued covering by March shorts there was a very severe break under liquidation and increased bear pressure following the larger estimates for to-morrow's receipts and reports that Southern spot holders were selling freely on the advance. The close was steady but at a net decline of 15@31 points. The opening was steady with March 9 points lower; other months about unchanged to points lower, which was better than due on a very disappointing set of cables, private advices from Liverpool reported the market there influenced by freer Southern spot offerings but there was disposition here early, to disregard the English market, and inside of 15 minutes after the call, March, which had opened at 7.75, sold up 7.91, while the general list was net five to seven points higher. At about this time New Orleans reported a sharp break and still heavier orders here, which a moment later were followed by the posting of the Houston estimate, showing much heavier receipts are expected to-morrow. The increased movement in connection with private advices, stating that the recent advances had carried prices up to spot sellers' limits, seemed to reassure the nearby shorts in the local market, the demand from this source fell off, and with trailing longs liquidating prices started downward and continued during the balance of the session. At the lowest point March sold at 7.52, or 39 points down from the best price of the morning. The close was steadied by covering and a little demand for long account, on the theory that the bulge in the movement reflected nothing more than the natural increase as a result of better weather following the long period of unfavorable conditions, but final prices were within a point or two of the lowest. Sales of futures were estimated at 350,000 bales.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Cotton was quiet at 7.90; net receipts — bales; gross receipts 1,532 bales; stock 74,838 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet and 25 points lower: middling uplands 7.90; middling gulf 8.15c; sales 200 bales.

Futures opened steady: March 7.75, April —, May 7.67, June 7.66, July 7.67, August 7.68 bid, September 7.70, offered, October 7.75, November 7.76 offered, December 7.75.

Futures market closed steady: February 7.73, March 7.85, April 7.48 May 7.48, June 7.51, July 7.51, August 7.54, September 7.56, October 7.51, November 7.59, December 7.52.

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 18,098 bales; exports to Great Britain 275 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 2,100 bales; exports to Japan — bales; exports to Mexico — bales; stock 698,677 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 36,021 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,775 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to Continent 36,339 bales; exports to Japan 9,137 bales; exports to Mexico — bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 6,914,750 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,374,288 bales; exports to France 588,285 bales; exports to the Continent 2,147,316 bales; exports to Japan 107,350 bales; exports to Mexico 21,544 bales.

Feb. 20.—Galveston, steady at 7 13-16, net receipts 4,844 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7¾c, net receipts 1,720 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8¼c, net receipts 538 bales; Boston, steady at 7.90c, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, steady at 7¼c, net receipts 308 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8.15c, net receipts 63 bales; Savannah, quiet at 7 11-16c, net receipts 1,768 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 7¾, net receipts 5,178 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7¾c, net receipts 130 bales; Memphis, steady at 7¾c, net receipts 473 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7¾c, net receipts 238 bales; Charleston, steady at 7¼, net receipts 327 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegram to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Flour was steady. Rye flour steady. Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red $1 22½ f. o. b. afloat. Options closed ½@¾c net lower; May closed $1 16¾; July closed $1 08; September closed 95¼c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 55c at elevator. Options closed ¼@¾c net lower: May closed 51¼c; July closed 52½c. Oats—Spot barely steady; mixed, 26@32 lbs., 37@38c. Molasses steady. Butter strong; creamery, common to extra 27@35c; State dairy 24@32c. Rice firm. Cheese—Market firm; State, small colored and white 10@13½c. Eggs steady; nearby selected 39; Southerns 29@35c. Peanuts firm; fancy hand-picked 5¼@5½c; other domestic grades 3¾@5¼. Potatoes quiet; Long Island, in bulk, per 180 lbs, $1 50@2 00; State and Western $1 25@1 40; Jersey sweets $2 00@4 50. Cab bages quiet; flat Dutch, per 100, $2 00@3 00. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton, 12@14. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 4¾c; centrifugal, 96 test 5c; molasses sugar 4¼; refined firm. Lard easy; Western steam $7 10; refined easy; continent $7 15; compound 4¾@5c. Tallow firm; city ($3 per package) 4½c. Pork steady. Cotton seed oil firmer; trade good: Prime crude, f. o. b. mills 19c; prime summer yellow 27@27½c; off summer yellow nominal; prime white 28¾@29c; prime winter yellow 29@30c.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Selling of May wheat by commission houses had a depressing effect today on the grain market in general. At the close wheat for May delivery was off 1-2c at 5-8c. July was down 1-8c. May corn is off 1 8c at c; oats and provisions are practically unchanged.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Cash prices: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring $1 15@1 20; No. 3 do. $1 08@$1 18; No. 2 red $1 18½@1 20½. Corn—No. 2 44¼c; No. 2 yellow 44¾c. Oats—No. 2 32c; No. 2 white, 33¾c; No. 3 white 31¾c. Rye—No. 2 75@77¼c. Mess pork, per bbl, $12 62@12 65. Lard, per 100 lbs, $6 72@6 75. Short rib sides, loose, $6 62@6 75. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, no report. Short clear sides, boxed, $6 75@6 87. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 28.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 May $ 1 19@1 19¾, 1 19¾, 1 18¾, 1 18¾; July $1 01¼@1 01¾, 1 02¾, 1 01¼, 1 01¾; September 93¾@93¾, 93, 93¾, 93¾@92¾c. Corn—February —, —, —, 43¾; May 46¾@46¾, 46¾, 46¼, 46¾@46¾; July 47¼, 47¼@47¼, 46¾, 46¾@47c. Oats—February —, —, —, 30¾; May 30¾@30¾, 30¾, 30¾@30¾, 30¾; July 30¾, 30¾, 30¾, 30¾c. Mess pork, per bbl—February —, —, —, $12 60; May $12 80, 12 80, 12 75, 12 77; July $12 90, 12 90, 12 87, 12 90. Lard, per 100 lbs—February —, —, —, $6 72; May $6 90, 6 92, 6 90, 6 90; July, $7 00, 7 02, 7 00, 7 02. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—February —, —, $6 63; May $6 82, 6 82, 6 80, 6 82; July —, —, —, $6 95.

NEW YORK COFFEE FUTURES.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Coffee—Spot quiet. Futures were steady and 10@15 points lower.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 20.—Cotton: Spot, in fair demand; prices 2 to 4 points lower; American middling fair 4.71d; good middling 4.54d; middling 4.17d; low middling 4.15d; good ordinary 4.01d; ordinary 3.85d. The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales were for speculation and export and included 11,500 bales American. Receipts 6,000 bales, including 1,600 bales American.

Futures opened firm and closed quiet; American middling (g o c): February 4.10d; February and March 4.10d; March and April 4.12d; April and May 4.14d; May and June 4.14d; June and July 4.16d; July and August 4.16d; August and September 4.17d; September and October 4.18d; October and November 4.18d; November and December 4.19d.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Duplin, Creel, Chinquepin, T D Love.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port of Wilmington, N. C., February 21.

STEAMERS.

Teesdale, (Br) 1,560 tons, Edwards, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Clarence A Shaffner, (Br) 188 tons, Johnson, C D Maffitt.

Annie Ainslie, 250 tons, Strout, to master.

M C Haskell, 299 tons, Rowe, C D Maffitt.

Elizabeth T Doyle, 664 tons, Stevens, C D Maffitt.

BARQUES.

Turist, (Nor) 733 tons, Olafsen, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

C. C. Railroad—5 bales cotton, 16 barrels tar, 10 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—172 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—130 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 19 barrels rosin, 19 barrels tar, 11 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—8 casks spirits turpentine, 8 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—1 cask spirits turpentine, 11 barrels rosin, 25 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—308 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 80 barrels rosin, 38 barrels tar, 44 barrels crude turpentine.

Wall Paper, Window Shades, Picture Framing

Our new Spring Sample Books of Wall Paper have been received and we are now ready to take orders.

Reduced prices on all last season's patterns.

We make a specialty of the manufacture of Window Shades and Picture Frames, and will be pleased to receive your order for any size or kind.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

Market Street

feb 19 tf

Field Peas

300 Bushels Field Peas for Seed.

They are scarce and you had better buy now.

We also have about 100 bags of Dirty Salt that we will sell cheap.

ALSO

10,000 Bags 100 Lbs. White Salt.

Send us your orders.

D. L. GORE COMPANY,

Wholesale Grocers and Importers.

feb 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Very Best

SOLE AGENTS —FOR—

SHOES.

SHOES THAT

Money Can Buy!

We have them in almost every style, shape and quality and can fit from the least wee tot to biggest man. It will pay any man to take a look at our tables of bargains. Some lots of Douglas and other staples are being closed out below prime cost. Come early and secure your size.

Our Cash-on-Approval system still grows in popularity.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans Co.

feb 12 tf

FERTILIZERS.

1,200 Bags C. S. Meal.
585 Bags Nitrate Soda.
711 Bags Muriate Potash.
210 Bags Sulphate Potash.
1,450 Bags best Kainit.
1,807 Bags 8-3 3 Tobacco.
1,040 Bags 8-3-3 Cotton.
1,020 Bags Blood-bone and Potash.
1,380 Bags special Truck.
1,510 Bags Acid, all grades.

Shipments from Norfolk, Wilmington, Columbia or Charleston.

W. B. COOPER,

Importer and Jobber,

jan 26 tf Wilmington, N. C.

DEPOSITS

Made with us on or before February first will draw interest from that date at 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly.

Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.

Matt J. Heyer, President. B H J. Ahrens, Vice President. Milton Calder, Cashier.

jan 31 tf

FOR SALE.

One Fine Rubber Tired Five-Glass Landau Carriage
One Fine Rubber Tired Coupe.
" " " " Victoria.
Three " " " Traps.
One lot fine Rubber Tired Surrys and Buggies.
Seven sets of extra nice Carriage and Buggy Harness.

This consignment of vehicles and harness was shipped by Mr. Henry Charlton, of Philadelphia, and will be sold cheap at

DAVIS' STABLES,

PHONE 124 No. 209 and 210 Market street. feb 16 1w

Fancy Florida Oranges

—AT—

THE SIWASA

15, 20, 25 and 30 Cts

PER DOZEN.

A rare bargain in nice fruits.

S. W. SANDERS,

Phone 109. Market street.

feb 15 tf

Wall Paper, Window Shades, Picture Framing

Our new Spring Sample Books of Wall Paper have been received and we are now ready to take orders.

Reduced prices on all last season's patterns.

We make a specialty of the manufacture of Window Shades and Picture Frames, and will be pleased to receive your order for any size or kind.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

Market Street

feb 19 tf

REMEMBER!

In addition to manufacturing Stills for Turpentine and Spiritine Plants, we do all kinds of repair work and Brazing in Copper. Also we do Plating in

Nickel, Brass, Silver

AND GOLD,

Repairing work of every kind in Metal solicited.

We buy all of your discarded Silver Plated ware. Also old Brass Candlesticks, Brass Andirons and all kinds of old metal.

Carolina Copper Works.

dec 15 tf

Saws! Saws!!

Why wait two weeks to get your Saws from factory when you get them at same price from us.

Rip, Cut Off, Inserted Tooth and Cross-cut,

at factory price.

GOVERNORS—Do you need a new governor for your mill? If so, we are the people.

T. D. LOVE CO.,

204, 206 North Water St.,

feb 16 tf Wilmington, N. C.

LARGE SURPLUS OF

Valentine Beans,
Currie's Wax Beans,
Long Scarlet and White Vienna Radish.
Turnip Seed of every Description

and all other varieties and seeds in paper.

Write for quotations.

J. C. SHEPARD,

Druggists and Seedman.

feb 2 tf

ARE YOU

Keeping in Stock

Cuban Blossom

AND RENOWN CIGARS?

They are as good as ever.

Silver Coin Flour

Can't be beat

H. L. Vollers,

Wholesale Grocer and Distributor

dec 18 tf

Hold Cotton!
Cut Expenses!
Reduce Acreage!

Such is the cry from all sections of the Cotton Belt. Without discussing the merits of either proposition, it remains that the great staple must be raised cheaper and more of it to the acre. The use of the best and most improved

Agricultural Implements

will go a long ways toward a solution of the problem now confronting the Southern farmer. We have everything in that line with a complete stock of everything in Hardware. Let us quote prices.

J. W Murchison & Co.,

Orton Building,

Special Agents L. & R. Powder, Peninsular Shovels and Howe Scales. jan 14 tf

Southern Electric Co.,

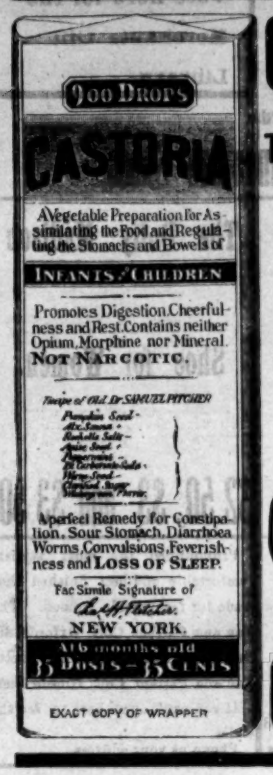
Electrical Contractors,

Old Court House Building

'PHONE 201

We carry a full line of hand and pocket flash lights, batteries, bells, etc. Estimates furnished on all kinds of electrical work on application. Let us wire your house for electric lights and advertise your business with an electric sign.

feb 5 tf


Boo Drops
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WHY DOES IT PAY

TO USE

PERUVIAN GUANO?

BECAUSE

This is no fancy brand.
It is the ONLY natural manure obtainable.
It is SOLID plant food and humus. Each ton has OVER 600 LBS. of actual Potash, Ammonia and Phosphoric Acid. Each ton contains about 400 LBS. OF LIME.
It contains no "filler."
It benefits the land and does not BAKE it.
It is CHEAPER than manufactured fertilizers.

INQUIRE of your dealer.

feb 16 tf

WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH YOUR BOILER

LET US FIND OUT FOR YOU.

We have just secured the services of the only first class boiler maker in the city and we are fully prepared to handle all kinds of boiler work. No job too large. Estimates and bids submitted free of charge.

Yours for business.

Wilmington Iron Works.

jan 12 D&W tf

COPYRIGHT

A PHILOSOPHER

who smokes gets the very best cigar for the money he can afford to pay. We're not all millionaires; but almost every man can pay at least 5 cents for a cigar. The best smoke in cigar form at that price is the Norma Martinez. Many people know that. Why don't you? One Martinez will prove a whole lot.

J. D. VANN.

feb 12 tf North Front Street.

DO YOU WANT THE

"BEST"

TO EAT

You can get it sure without asking for it if you call

The Ladies' Store.

Butter you know and so does your neighbor.
Flour, "Dainty," it makes the Cake.
Rice, it is all head.
Sugar, of course the sweetest.
Lard, the pure kettle rendered.
Meal, Virginia Dunlap Water Ground.
The balance will rank way up.

SUNBEAM GOODS

Others have as good, we always have the best.

Carpenter Grocery.

jan 22 tf

THIS WEEK

We discontinue our regular advertising for the present, and though we will speak to you through this space at intervals only, you may at all times depend upon finding a

Complete and Up-to-Date Stock

at our store. We thank our patrons for all favors conferred.

GEORGE HONNET,

JEWELER & SILVERSMITH,

feb 18 tf 12 North Front Street.

U O 2

Try Johnson's Cordial

For Bowel Troubles.

Made in Montgomery, Ala. Recommended in Wilmington, N. C., by

BULLUCK & COWAN

Druggists.

"We want your business."

jan 25 tf

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE ATLANTIC National Bank, at Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business, January 11th, 1906.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$ 723,957 58
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	18,181 21
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	125,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	104,500 00
Bonds, securities, etc	39,850 00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	30,000 00
Other real estate owned	10,000 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents	149 997 34
Due from State Banks and Bankers	176,573 28
Due from approved reserve agents	78,611 93
Checks and other cash items	125 00
Notes of other National Banks	18,125 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	518 93
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: specie	$28,259 00
Legal tender notes	25,815 00 — 64,024 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	5,600 50
Total	$1,542,141 32

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 125,000 00
Surplus fund	125,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	83,449 28
National Bank notes outstanding	125 000 00
Due to other National Banks	58,937 94
Due to State Banks and Bankers	159,447 12
Dividends unpaid	544 00
Individual deposits subject to check	765,991 94
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,470 93
United States Deposits	104,800 00
Total	$1,542,941 23

State of North Carolina, county of New Hanover, ss.:

I, J. W. Yates, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. W. YATES, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of January, 1906.

W. C. ARMSTRONG, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
GEO. H. FRENCH,
D. McEACHERN,
JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, } Directors.

jan 15 tf

CHEST PROTECTORS

—AND—

Hot Water Bags.

This is the kind of weather for Chest Protectors and Hot Water Bags, from 25c to $2 at

Hardin's Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front Street.

feb 5 tf

A Delightful Pleasure.

Nothing pleases a man more than a good, clean shave. We give the cleanest shave obtainable, not only in point of keen razors, but as to real cleanliness. We use a clean towel for each man and everything else is thoroughly antiseptic.

GUION & DAVIS.
Climax Barber Shop,
feb 18 tf 7 South Front Street.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— State Treasurer B. R. Lacy was in his office at Raleigh last Saturday for the first time since he fell and broke his hip, which occurred about two weeks ago.

— Mr. Chas. U. Harris, speaking of the new fertilizer plant of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company at Selma says it means a great deal for Selma. That 400 men are employed at this plant.

— Charlotte Observer: Greensboro gets the Teachers' Assembly by offering excellent facilities and $1,000. The Gate City has apparently found that "business principles" are appreciated in all quarters.

—The report from Elizabeth City of finding in an abandonded lumber camp of little Kenneth, the son of State Senator Beasley, has been thoroughly investigated and found to be untrue. There seems to have been no foundation for the story. Though no clue to the whereabouts of the lost child has been discovered the search still goes on.

—Raleigh News and Observer: "If half a dozen members of the Democratic State Executive Committee can camp in Raleigh a whole month to fight the Ward bill, cannot Chairman Simmons as an individual give that measure his support? According to the anti-Ward crowd only these committeeman who stand against the Ward bill have a right to express their opinions."

— Southport Standard: The famous "town" of Myrtle was the first one of the several whiskey towns created by the last Legislature to be repealed. The towns of Shore and Williams, which were on the same footing as Myrtle, are yet towns, but a bill is before the Legislature for their repeal. It remains to be seen whether others will succeed as well as the temperance forces of Brunswick.

— The Secretary of State has granted a charter to the Raney Conner Company, of Chapel Hill. The purpose of the corporation is to manufacture canning outfits for putting up all kinds of canned goods. The capital stock is $20,000, but will commence business on $18,000. The incorporators and shareholders are T. H. Raney, sixty shares; J. H. Pratt, sixty shares; J. W. Cheek, sixty shares.

— It is announced from Greensboro that the engineers have gone over the main line of the Southern Railway, between Greensboro and High Point, and also between Danville, Va., and Pelham, and have submitted their bids as to the cost of laying a double track between these places, these being considered the most crowded portions of the main line. The contract will be awarded at an early date, and the work will be pushed as fast as possible.

— The news of the death of Hon. Augustus Leazar, of Iredell, was not unexpected. He has been ill for months—indeed has not been in good health since 1896 when he retired as superintendent of the State prison. Mr. Leazar did the State great service. He represented Iredell four or five times in the House and served as Speaker during his last term. No honester or braver or more useful man has served in the Legislature since the war. He has left his impress upon the statutes. He stood for the best in public life. He fought many hard battles for the people's rights when it called for courage to fight against wrong and injustice. He was a debater of resource and power; was guided by conscience and right; and was one of the honestest and wisest public servants the State has known. The death of Hon. A. Leazar recalls the fact that Iredell county as a rule has been better represented in the Legislature than any county in North Carolina. This was particularly true when W. D. Turner was in the Senate and Augustus Leazar and John B. Holman were in the House.

— A Winston-Salem dispatch on Sunday says: A secret marriage of two well known young people has just come to light seven months after the ceremony was performed. The romantic young couple is Mr. J. Frank Ireland, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Ireland, of this place, and Miss Amy Mayberry, of Huntersville. The secret of their marriage leaked out a few days ago when the bride came home on account of illness from Virginia College, at Roanoke, where she had gone to complete her education. A friend of one of the young people furnishes the information that the marriage occurred at Fort Mill, S.C., June 8th. Miss Mayberry, who was making her home in this city at that time, left for Huntersville to visit her sister. The following day Mr. Ireland left the city telling no one where he was going, but it is now learned that he went to Huntersville, where he met Miss Mayberry, and the couple went to South Carolina where they remained. The couple returned to North Carolina, Miss Ireland stopping at her home in Huntersville, while Mr. Ireland returned to this city. The bride is a beautiful brunette of seventeen summers and a niece of Mr. Thos. Mayberry of Huntersville. Since their marriage Mrs. Ireland has been continuing her studies at college and would have graduated next June, when it was their intention of announcing their wedding. Mr. Ireland is clerk at Hotel Phoenix, where the young couple are making their home for the present.

Grave Trouble Foreseen.

It needs but little foresight to tell that when your stomach and liver are badly affected grave trouble is ahead, unless you take the proper medicine for your disease, as Mrs. John A. Young, of Clay, N. Y., did. She says: "I had neuralgia of the liver and stomach, my heart was weakened and I could not eat. I was very bad for a long time, but in Electric Bitters I found just what I needed, for they quickly relieved and cured me." Its the best medicine for weak women. Sold under guarantee by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, at 50c a bottle.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A Pair of Catfish.

A pair of catfish that were continuously watched in a government aquarium made a nest by removing the gravel from a corner. During the first few days after hatching the fry, banked in the corners of the tank, were at irregular intervals actively stirred by the barbels of the parents, usually the male. Subsequently the parents were seen to suck the eggs into their mouths and then extrude them with some force. The predaceous feeding habits of the old fish gradually overcame the parental instinct. The tendency to suck the fry into their mouths continued and the inclination to spit them out diminished, so that the number of young dwindled daily, and the 500 that had been left with their parents had completely disappeared in six weeks, although other food was liberally supplied.

Gounod the Man.

Gounod was one of the most fascinating men I have ever met. His manner had a charm that was irresistible, and his kindly eyes, as soft and melting as a woman's, would light up with a smile now tender, now humorous, that fixed itself ineffaceably upon the memory. He could speak English fairly well, but preferred his own language, in which he was a brilliant conversationalist, and he could use to advantage a fund of keen, ready wit. He was at this time influenced by a recrudescence of that religious mysticism which had strongly characterized his youthful career, but his tone, though earnest and thoughtful when he was dwelling upon his art, could brighten up with the lightness and gayety of a true Parisian.—Hermann Klein in Century.

Fuel In Ancient Rome.

The fuel of the ancient Romans was almost exclusively charcoal. This was burned in open pans, without grate or flue, and gave economical heat for living rooms and baths. Careful experiment has shown that such fires yield no considerable amount of dangerous carbonic oxide. The inconvenience of chimneys was avoided, the heat could be easily regulated, and a pan with a burning surface sufficed to heat a church seating 2,000 people.

Work While You Pray.

A squall caught a party of tourists on a lake in Scotland and threatened to capsize their boat. When it seemed that the crisis had really come, the largest and strongest man in the party, in a state of intense fear, said, "Let us pray." "No, no, my man!" shouted the bluff old boatman. "Let the little man pray. You take an oar!"—Success.

No Apology Necessary.

"I congratulate you most heartily," said the nearsighted guest at the wedding, "on this happy—oh, I beg your pardon! I thought I was speaking to the bridegroom."

"That's all right," the other man replied. "I accept your congratulations. I am the father of the bride."—Chicago Tribune.

The Nurse.

The London Hospital complains that the word "nurse" means too many different things, from the board school girl of fourteen, who gets 2 shillings a week for minding the baby, to the highly skilled nurse who follows the army doctor to the very battlefield.

— At a meeting of the board of aldermen of Spencer on Saturday, right was granted Mr. Wm. P. Lockwood, of Washington, D. C., for the installation and maintenance of a water works plant. The firm proposes to expend about $40,000 in the construction of the plant, which will be adequate to the needs of the town for a number of years. In addition to the installation of the water works plant the municipality will construct a sewer system at the same time and also make extensive improvements on the streets. Electric lights will also be installed during the next few weeks and a commodious graded school building will be erected this year, besides many other public improvements, for which $70,000 of bonds have already been authorized by the Legislature. Spencer is now having a phenomenal growth and it is confidently expected that the town will have a population of 8,000 to 10,000 within two years. Nearly $1,000,000 have been expended in buildings and improvements in Spencer during the past year.

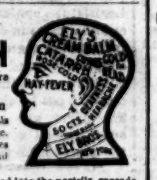
HAIR NATURALLY ABUNDANT.

When It Is Free of Dandruff, It Grows Luxuriantly.

Hair preparations and dandruff cures, as a rule, are sticky or irritating affairs that do no earthly good. Hair, when not diseased, grows naturally, luxuriantly. Dandruff is the cause of nine-tenths of all hair trouble, and dandruff is caused by a germ. The only way to cure dandruff is to kill the germ; and, so far, the only hair preparation that will positively destroy the germ is Newbro's Herpicide—absolutely harmless, free from grease, sediment, dye matter or dangerous drugs. It allays itching instantly; makes hair glossy and soft as silk. "Destroy the cause, you remove the effect." Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

HARDIN'S PHARMACY, Special Agent.

Nasal CATARRH



In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Sep 24 tf tu th sa

INAUGURATION,

WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 4th, 1905.

THE DIRECT ROUTE IS VIA

Atlantic Coast Line.

Special rate of almost one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale March 2nd and 3rd, and for trains to arrive in Washington before 1 P. M. of March 4th, with final limit returning March 8th, 1905. By depositing ticket with Special agent, 1903 Pennsylvania Avenue, final limit may be extended to March 18th, 1905. This will enable you to take advantage of the low round trip rates between Washington, New York, Boston and other points, combining business with pleasure. The rate from WILMINGTON, N. C., to Washington, D. C., and return, $11.55.

For further information call on your nearest ticket agent, or write

W. J. CRAIG, G. P. A.
H. M. EMERSON, T. M.
feb 7 tf Wilmington, N. C.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

"Hobson's Choice"

Tobias Hobson was the first man in England who let out hackney horses.

When anyone wished to hire a horse, he was obliged to take the one standing nearest the stable door—he had no selection. Hence the old proverb, so familiar now, was born:

"To elect there is but one—
'Tis Hobson's choice—take that or none."

Before the introduction of **Uneeda Biscuit** buying soda crackers in a paper bag, was like hiring Hobson's horses—there was no choice. In kind and quality there was but one—take that or else take none. Whether stale, soggy, dirty or old—'twas ever the same "Hobson's Choice."

Uneeda Biscuit in air tight packages have revolutionized this old method and set an example that has received the stamp of public approval, as the sale of over 300,000,000 5c packages attest.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

FOR SALE

500 Tons Cotton Seed Meal,

Full 8 Per Cent. Ammonia.

200 TONS COTTON SEED COMPOUND,

8 Per Cent. Ammonia.

Get our prices.
Cotton Seed wanted. Address

UNIVERSAL OIL & FERTILIZER CO.,

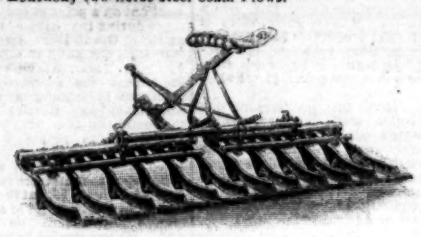
feb 16 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Acme Pulverizing Harrows,

CLARK'S CUTAWAY HARROWS,

AVERY'S PONY KENTUCKY STEEL PLOWS.

B. O. Kentucky two-horse steel beam Plows.



All other Agricultural Implements and Farming Utensils.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

jan 29 tf Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Importers.

You Will Always Find

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

Ready and willing to co-operate in any movement that is a benefit to Wilmington. We live here, we are in THE CLOTHING BUSINESS here and believe in

EDUCATIONAL MOVEMENTS.

The Library Contest Affords us the Opportunity

To adhere to this spirit. Our goods are par excellence. Our price One and with each ten cent purchase or payment on account you can vote for your favorite. This is the only Clothing Store issuing them.

Get Busy, Hustle, Work, No Time to Loose.

Vote, Vote, Vote, Vote.

feb 17 tf

The Little Gibraltar.

Capital and Surplus	$ 100,000
Assets	1,100,000
Market Value of Stock	600

(Higher than stock in any N. C. Bank.)

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. feb 5 tf

EXCLUSIVE TAILORING ONLY

—AT—

LEGER MEYER'S.

403 North Front St.

Swell people want swell Clothes and they can get them at reasonable prices at my establishment. All orders made up in Wilmington in the latest fashion. Complete line of Spring Clothes just received.

feb 19 tf

YOU GET

Heat, Light, Water, Janitor and Elevator service when you rent an office in that splendid building, corner Front and Chesnut streets.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY

or sell Real Estate, call 'phone 307. I'll handle your business promptly.

W. A. DICK

ja 29 tf Real Estate Agent.

Atlantic & North Carolina R. R.

Howland Improvement Company, Lessee.

Schedule in Effect Feb. 5 1905.

EASTBOUND.

Station.	No. 1.	No. 5.
Lv Goldsboro	3 45 p m	8 00 a m
Lv LaGrange	4 16 p m	8 28 a m
Lv Kinston	4 40 p m	8 53 a m
Lv Dover	5 09 p m	9 14 a m
Lv Cove	5 16 p m	9 27 a m
Lv Tuscarora	5 22 p m	9 37 a m
Ar Neubern	5 45 p m	10 00 a m

Station	No. 7 (Accom)
Lv New Bern	5 55 p m
Lv Riverdale	6 18 p m
Lv Havelock	6 34 p m
Lv Newport	6 50 p m
Ar Morehead City	7 10 p m

WESTBOUND.

Station	No. 4	No. 8 (Accom)
Lv Moorehead City	7 40 a m	5 30 p m
Lv Newport	8 11 a m	6 34 p m
Lv Havelock	8 27 a m	6 50 p m
Lv Riverdale	8 43 a m	7 30 p m
Ar New Bern	9 00 a m	8 05 p m

Station	No. 6
Lv New Bern	9 15 a m
Lv Tuscarora	9 37 a m
Lv Cove	9 49 a m
Lv Dover	10 03 a m
Lv Kinston	10 27 a m
Lv LaGrange	10 51 a m
Ar Goldsboro	11 20 a m

Trains 3, 4, 5 and 6 run daily.
Trains 7 and 8 run daily except Sunday.

CONNECTIONS.

At Goldsboro: With Southern Railway and Atlantic Coast Line.
At Kinston and New Bern: With Atlantic Coast Line.

R. P. FOSTER, General Manager. E. A. NIEL, Traffic Manager.
Goldsboro, N. C. feb 10 tf

Special Reduced Rates

S. A. L. RAILWAY.

New Orleans, La and return $25.25. Tickets on sale March 1st to 6th, final limit March 11th, with privilege of extension till March 20th. Stop over privilege allowed.

Pensacola, Fla and return $23.75. Tickets on sale March 1st to 8th, final limit March 11th with the privilege of extension till March 25th. Stop over privilege allowed.

Mobile, Ala and return $23.90. Tickets on sale March 1st to 6th, with final limit March 11th with privilege of extension till March 20th. Stop over privilege allowed.

Washington, D. C and return, for individuals, $11.55, for companies, bands, etc., $9.05. Tickets on sale March 2nd and 3rd, final limit March 8th with extension privilege till March 18th.

Atlanta, Ga and return $13.00. Tickets on sale May 14th-15th, final limit May 20th with extension privilege till June 15th.

Fort Worth, Texas and return $38.35. Tickets on sale May 10th, 16th, 17th, with final limit May 31st.

For full information as to routes, stop-over privileges, etc, call up No. 3, or address

E. B. WILLIAMSON, Agent,
fe 18 10t Wilmington, N. C.

To The Beach and Wrightsville

Suburban and City Schedule.

In Effect January 12, 1905.

Suburban Schedule (daily except Sunday.)

Leave Front and Princess	Leave the Beach
6.30 A. M.	8.00 A. M.
10.00 A. M.	12.30 P. M.
3.00 P. M.	5.15 P. M.
Leave Wrightsville	
6.10 P. M.	6.45 P. M.
7.30 " "	8.15 " "
9.00 " "	9.30 " "
10.00 " "	10.30 " "

Extra Cars on Sundays.

Note: Trains leaving Front and Princess Sts. at 6.10, 7.30, 9:00 and 10.00 P. M. will go over to Beach on request.

The 9 o'clock car comes back to The "Light house" at 4.30 P. M., thus giving one an opportunity to enjoy an oyster roast as well as visit the ocean.

CITY SCHEDULE.

Regular City Cars.

Brooklyn and Belt line cars leave Front and Princess streets every 10 minutes beginning at 7.35 A. M., daily except Sunday. Sunday at 8.35 A. M. Last Brooklyn and Belt line cars leave Front and Princess streets at 12.05 midnight.

Hospital and Cemetery Cars. (Without change.)

Leave Front and Princess	Leave Cemetery
9.00 A. M.	9.20 A. M.
3.10 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
4.30 P. M.	5.00 P. M.

Delgado and Golf Link Car (Without change.) Daily except Sunday

Leave Front and Princess	Leave Golf Links.
3.40 P. M.	4.00 P. M.
8.10 " "	5.30 " "

A. C. L. Depot Car (Without change).

Leave Front and Princess	Leave A. C. L. Depot
10.05 A. M.	10.10 A. M.
5.40 P. M.	6.00 P. M.

S. A. L. Car (Without change.)

Leave Front and Princess	Leave S. A. L. Depot
11.35 P. M.	12.05 P. M.
2.35 P. M.	3.00 P. M.
11.15 P. M.	11.30 P. M.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

Daily except Sunday.

Leave 5th and Orange	Leave the Beach
3.00 P. M.	4.30 P. M.

VOTE FOR

HALL'S

EMULSION.

Comp. Bicycle Delivery.

JAS. M. HALL & BRO.

DRUGGISTS.

Fifth and Castle . . . Phone 192

feb 8 tf

Seed Potatoes!

Various kinds.

WHITE BLISS.

ROSE, BEAUTY,

HOULTON ROSE,

BOVEE.

Make your orders for shipment when ready.

This will be genuine Maine grown Seed and prices will be low.

We will be glad to quote.

THE WORTH CO.,

Wilmington, N. C.

jan 10 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Dec. 1, 1904.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 42	No. 40
Lv Wilmington	9 15 a m	4 50 p m
Ar Goldsboro	12 08 p m	7 30 p m
Ar Wilson	1 16 p m	10 25 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	1 58 p m	11 10 p m
Ar Norfolk	5 55 p m	
Ar Weldon	4 58 p m	1 47 a m
Ar Petersburg	6 05 p m	3 03 a m
Ar Richmond	7 40 p m	4 07 a m
Ar Washington	11 50 p m	7 54 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 43 a m	9 09 a m
Ar Philadelphia	4 25 a m	11 22 a m
Ar New York	7 30 a m	1 00 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41	No. 49
Lv New York	9 25 a m	8 25 p m
Ar Philadelphia	11 55 a m	10 01 p m
Ar Baltimore	2 07 p m	12 32 a m
Ar Washington	3 21 p m	1 45 a m
Ar Norfolk		9 00 a m
Ar Richmond	7 15 p m	6 38 a m
Ar Petersburg	8 05 p m	7 40 a m
Ar Weldon	9 53 p m	11 50 a m
Ar Rocky Mount	10 51 p m	1 00 p m
Ar Wilson	11 39 p m	2 00 p m
Ar Goldsboro	12 46 a m	3 15 p m
Ar Wilmington	10 10 a m	6 00 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

	*Daily.	Daily.	Daily.
Lv Wilmington	5 00 a m	1 30 p m	6 50 p m
Ar Florence	9 35 a m	7 30 p m	11 35 p m
Ar Charleston	1 10 p m	11 25 p m	6 45 a m
Ar Savannah	6 45 p m	2 50 a m	9 00 a m
Ar Jacksonville		6 40 a m	1 45 p m
Ar Tampa		7 30 p m	10 15 p m

NORTHBOUND.

	* Daily.	Daily.
Lv Tampa	8 40 p m	9 00 a m
Ar Jacksonville	7 55 a m	7 40 p m
Ar Savannah	1 10 p m	1 15 a m
Ar Charleston	5 14 p m	5 55 a m
Ar Florence	7 59 p m	9 25 a m
Ar Wilmington	11 55 p m	1 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD

	West Bound *Daily	East Bound Daily
Lv Wilmington	9 10 a m	Ar 5 40 p m
Ar Fayetteville	12 20 p m	Ar 1 45 p m
Ar Sanford	1 55 p m	Lv 1 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN

	North Bound Daily ex Sunday	South Bound
Lv Wilmington	2 25 p m	Ar 12 30 p m
Ar Newbern	5 40 p m	Lv 9 00 a m

*Except Sunday.

Trains Nos. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington connecting with Penna R. R. for all points east.

W. J. CRAIG, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

H. M. Emerson, Traffic Manager.
dfc 3 tf

Seaboard

Air Line Railway.

Direct line to principal cities North, West and South.

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 8TH.

Between Wilmington and New York

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 66	No. 34
Leave Wilmington	4 25 a m	3 40 p m
Leave Hamlet	8 30 a m	10 30 p m
" Southern Pines	9 45 a m	11 50 p m
" Raleigh	12 40 n m	1 35 a m
" Norlina	1 40 p m	3 34 a m
Arrive Portsmouth	5 30 p m	8 30 a m
Leave Richmond	4 55 p m	6 23 a m
" Washington	8 30 p m	9 50 a m
" Baltimore	11 17 p m	11 30 a m
" Philadelphia	2 35 a m	1 45 p m
Arrive New York	6 30 a m	4 15 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 31	No. 35
Leave New York	12 25 p m	9 25 p m
" Philadelphia	2 55 p m	12 13 a m
" Baltimore	5 17 p m	2 37 a m
" Washington	7 25 p m	4 30 a m
" Richmond	11 00 p m	9 10 a m
Leave Portsmouth	9 30 p m	9 25 a m
Leave Norlina	1 35 a m	1 40 p m
" Raleigh	4 15 a m	4 00 p m
" Southern Pines	6 30 a m	5 10 p m
" Hamlet	8 40 a m	7 60 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12 45 p m	11 50 p m

Between Wilmington and Atlanta.

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41
Leave Wilmington	3 00 p m
Leave Hamlet	10 15 p m
Arrive Athens	6 09 a m
Arrive Atlanta	7 40 a m

NORTHBOUND

	No. 38
Leave Atlanta	8 50 p m
Athens	11 23 p m
Hamlet	8 40 a m
Arrive Wilmington	12 45 p m

Between Wilmington and Tampa

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 43
Leave Wilmington	3 00 p m
Leave Hamlet	10 15 p m
Ar Columbia	12 15 a m
Ar Savannah	4 40 a m
Ar Jacksonville	8 35 a m
Arrive Tampa	6 05 p m

NORTHBOUND

	No. 66
Leave Tampa	8 50 a m
" Jacksonville	7 50 p m
" Savannah	12 10 a m
" Columbia	8 30 a m
" Hamlet	8 40 a m
Arrive Wilmington	12 45 p m

Through Pullman Sleepers on all trains. Call No. 3 or address for any information,

E. B. WILLIAMSON, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

C. H. GATTIS, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
feb 91 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York,

Wilmington, N. C., and

Georgetown, S. C., Lines

From New York for Wilmington.

MAYAHOE.....Saturday, Feb. 25
CARIB.....Saturday, March 4

From Wilmington for New York.

CARIB.....Saturday, Feb. 25
MAYAHOE.....Saturday, Mar. 4

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

CARIB.....Tuesday, Feb. 21
MAYAHOE.....Tuesday, Mar. 28

Both Steamers have good passenger accommodation.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Agt.
Wilmington, N. C.

CLYDE MILNE, Gen'l Freight Agent.
THEO. G. EGER, Gen'l Manager.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., Gen'l Agents.
19 State Street, New York.
feb 19 tf

The Morning Star

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING. FEB. 21.

AUTOPSY OVER YOUNG BATTLE.

His Death at Naval Academy Was Due to Excessive Fatigue

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 20.—The medical authorities at the Naval Academy this afternoon performed an autopsy upon the body of Midshipman Samuel Westray Battle, to determine the cause of his sudden death yesterday. Their examination revealed the fact that the youth's heart was not organically weak, Syncope or heart failure having been due to excessive fatigue caused by his running to reach his place in the ranks. At the same time it developed that the fatigue was brought on by a blood clot on his brain due to an old wound. This wound on the head appears to be a year or more old but it is not known how he received it. His father, Surgeon S. Westray Battle, U. S. N., retired, will arrive to-morrow to take the body to his home at Asheville, N. C. The remains will be taken from here to-morrow but the exact time has not been determined. Military honors will be accorded the dead youth, the whole brigade of midshipmen and all of the officers and professors at the academy attending the body to the station. While here Surgeon Battle will be the guest of Superintendent W. H. Brownson, of the Naval Academy.

LEAPED FROM A. C. L. FLYER.

Postoffice Robber Made His Escape from U. S. Officer Sunday Night.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 20.—Passengers aboard the late Atlantic Coast Line through train last night stated that Gus DeFord, a United States prisoner wanted in connection with the post office robberies in this State and who was being brought to Charleston last night by two deputy marshals, smashed the window and jumped from the train, making good his escape. The prisoner was said to have been handcuffed and was given permission to enter the toilet room. No sooner had the door been closed upon him than he broke the window with the handcuffs and leaped into the darkness. His absence was discovered in a short while, but the search which was immediately instituted was futile. The man was said to have jumped from the train near Cades, 29 miles from Florence. Three other members of a gang of alleged robbers who were captured in Baltimore arrived here to-day.

ELMIA, N. Y. Feb. 20.—Gus DeFord, who escaped from the custody of Deputy United States Marshal Deved today near Charleston, S. C. by jumping through a car window, left this city in custody Saturday night. He was wanted for robbing a post-office at Rowesville, S. C. He is 23 years old and is believed to belong to a well organized gang, which has been operating in various parts of the country.

PRESIDENT DISAPPOINTED.

Sees No Hope of Railroad Rate Legislation—Will Call Extra Session.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—President Roosevelt, who for weeks has been hopeful that some definite action may be taken at the present session of Congress on the railroad rate question, practically relinquished the idea of securing legislation on the subject this Winter. It is reasonably certain that he will not call an extraordinary session of Congress to meet in the Spring, but, unless he changes his mind, he will call Congress together, robably next October.

Representatives Esch and Townsend joint authors of the rate bill which passed the House, had a talk with the President to-day. They agreed with him that the prospect for the enactment of rate legislation at this session was remote.

As they left the White House, both Messrs. Esch and Townsend expressed the conviction that an extraordinary session would be called for next Autumn to deal with the rate question.

UNREASONABLE LUMBER RATES.

Virginia Corporation Commission Tries Its Hand at Regulating Them.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., Feb. 20.—The Norfolk and Western Railroad has been summoned to appear before the State Corporation Commission in Richmond March 9th, to show cause why a new schedule of lumber rates, formulated by the commission, should not be put into effect. The commission regards as unreasonable the rebates on lumber and other articles appearing in the commodity tariff sheet of the Norfolk and Western Railway marked Tariff No. 5164-B and designated also I. C. C. 2405, issued August 5, 1904, and it has served notice on the railroad officials and to the lumber interests of the State that it will consider an order annulling so much of said tariff as relates to lumber and putting into effect a new tariff, in lieu of existing rates as a just and reasonable regulation of rates for the transportation by the road of lumber and other articles.

Meagre reports reached Birmingham, Ala., last night of a terrible disaster in the Virginia mines 18 miles from Birmingham, 110 to 130 men being entombed in the mines, all believed to be dead. Relief trains carrying physicians and laborers have been sent to the scene of the disaster from both Birmingham and Bessemer. Later reports state that every effort is being made to reach the men but that they cannot possibly succeed before this morning.

Agonizing Burns

are instantly relieved and perfectly healed by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. C. Riverbark, Jr., of Norfolk, Va., writes: "I burnt my knee dreadfully and it blistered all over. Bucklen's Arnica Salve stopped the pain and healed it without a scar." Also heals all wounds and sores. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

The "Light House" for an oyster roast! Everything new. Electric lights. Cheerful open fires. Last car leaves Wrightville at 10:30 P.M.; heated, closed cars. The 3 o'clock car from town comes back as far as the Light House at 4:30 P. M. to give you an opportunity to get an oyster roast as well as visit the the ocean.

Money saved by buying your Silver at Blestinger's.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COTTON INDUSTRY NEEDS EXPANSION.

Delegation from Cotton Growers' Convention Invoke President Roosevelt's Aid.

TO EXTEND CHINESE TRADE.

Wide Field Suggested for Exploitation for Our Cotton Manufactures—Of China's Cotton Imports Only One-tenth Goes from United States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—President Roosevelt to-day received a committee appointed by the recent Southern Interstate Cotton Convention at New Orleans to urge the creation of a commission to extend the foreign markets for cotton products. The delegation consisted of about a dozen members, headed by former Senator John L. McLaurin, of South Carolina. The committee urged immediate steps looking to Congressional action for this purpose in behalf of the cotton interests. The President discussed the question with the delegation and stated that he would take it up with the men who represent the cotton belt in Congress. He assured the committee that he would do all he could to facilitate the movement. Senator McLaurin, who introduced the committee, spoke as follows:

"MR. PRESIDENT: During the last days of January there met in New Orleans one of the most remarkable industrial assemblages that we have had in the South since the war. The term Cotton Growers' Convention is to some extent misleading, for the convention represented the merchants, bankers and mill men to an equal extent. The convention found itself face to face with two propositions of a situation that called for action.

"First, the unreasonably high prices for cotton in 1902 and 1903, had, while curtailing the consumption of cotton products, stimulated the largest acreage on record, which with good seasons has produced a surplus of two million bales over, the consumptive demand of present bales. The able men who guided the deliberations of the convention fully realized that when they took steps to make ten cent cotton next year, that the price would in 1907 again stimulate a large acreage, and that unless we could before that time find wider market for our products, that we would have a repetition of the difficulties that now confront us. We can point to an export trade in one section of North China that with comparatively little effort was increased to over twenty million dollars in a few years. I have no hesitation in saying that in China, Morrocco, Abyssinia and other portions of the east, we can with proper effort develop markets that will speedily put cotton and cotton products on a permanently prosperous basis. The balance of the country is deeply interested in the prosperity of the cotton planter. When cotton can be produced at a profit we draw our flour, corn, mules and meat from the West. When it gets below the cost of production we raise these supplies at home, and the effect of decreased consumption is speedily felt in the grain and stock belt. Last year the exports of cotton amounted to nearly $400,000,000 and when you remember we keep at home 4,000,000 bales valued at nearly $350,000,000, to supply the mills of the South, you realize the enormous value of the cotton crop in settling the trade balance of the world in favor of the United States.

"The convention adopted a resolution appointing a committee to ask you, as the President of the whole country, and the friend of all its people, to employ your great office to assist us in this undertaking. We were directed to confer with the leading exporters, and among them, I requested the co-operation of John Foord, and Silas D. Webb, president and secretary of the American Asiatic Association, of New York. After a full conference, we have agreed and committed our requests to writing which we will submit for your consideration." Senator McLaurin then submitted the address of the committee, which in part is as follows:

"MR. PRESIDENT:—We are here to express regret that the recommendation in your last annual message for the appointment of a commission to study and report on the resources of the great foreign markets as a field for American trade and enterprise has not received the attention at deserved from Congress. We beg that the recommendation be renewed in a special message to Congress and we do so, as the spokesmen of the Southern Interstate Cotton Convention held in New Orleans last month, which unanimously adopted a resolution directing this committee to submit the question of how to enlarge the markets for our cotton products to your attention.

"The interest of no two classes are more closely allied nor so mutually dependent as the cotton producers and cotton manufacturers. One cannot long thrive at the expense of the other. Mr. President, the full value of raw material is only obtained when manufactured nearest the point where raw material is produced. We are producing far more food and clothing material than we need for home consumption, and we must either curtail production of find outside markets for the surplus; the latter we believe can be done with profit and justice to all and with injury to none. We believe that the South is not afflicted with over production in its cotton industry, but that under proper methods of distribution there is a market for all that we can produce. Take as an example China, which imported in 1903, cotton manufactures to the value of $82,000,000, to which the contribution of the United States amounted to only $8,800,000 or a little over one tenth. For the calendar year 1904, there was a considerable improvement, the amount of our exports of cotton cloth to China reaching $14,000,000. During the last months of the year the value of these exports was $10,000,000 and if this standard could be maintained, as it seems likely to be, the figures for the present year would obviously be as much in excess of those of 1904 as the latter exceeded those of 1903. It may seem that a trade which grows at the rate of 80 per cent per annum, is not much in need of special encouragement or promotion. But rapidly as the demand for American cotton is growing in China, that demand still represents an insignificant fraction of the consuming capacity of the vast population of the empire. Even at the present rate of export we are sending but little more than the equivalent of one yard of our cotton fabrics to every inhabitant in China; if the consumption of cotton cloths per head of the Chinese population was equal to that of the United States, there would not be cotton enough grown in the world to supply it. You, Mr. President, have done your utmost to preserve the boundless possibilities of this market for American commerce and industry by your steadfast and resolute adhesion to the policy of the open door of equality of commercial opportunity for all nations in the Far East. The question seems pertinent, why cannot the exporters and manufacturers of the United States do the rest, without further aid or co-operation from their government? The answer is to be found in the peculiar conditions which surround the introduction of foreign goods into the interior of China. It is the testimony of all who have studied the subject from actual observation that China's trade possibilities are immeasurable; that foreign trade has merely scratched the surface of them, and that the great majority of the Chinese are familiar neither with foreigners nor foreign products."

Attention was called to the reports of Blackburn (English) and Lyons (Japan-French) on Chinese trade, and continuing the address said:

"Among the circumstances that have tended to stimulate the recent demand for American cotton cloth in China is, unquestionably, the influence of foreign capital which is being expended in the construction of railroads and the opening of mines. The influx is bound to continue and to increase in volume, and a very large amount of credit for the result is due to the fact that, in response to the appeal of the government of the United States, the nations of the world have agreed, in the most unequivocal terms, to respect the integrity of the Chinese empire. While the menace of dismemberment hung over China, there could be neither commercial confidence within nor faith in the security of investment from without. The establishment of both marks the opening of a new era in the history of China, pregnant with momentous results for the commerce of the world, and, not least among the nations, for the commerce of the United States. That a careful study by competent men of the new conditions which mark the dawn of the new day in China would bring out facts of the highest value to the manufacturers and merchants of the United States, and particularly to those engaged in the production and distribution of cotton fabrics does not admit of question. It is eight years since any well equipped commercial commission went through China and the reports of the Blackburn commission of Lancashire cotton spinners, and of the Lyons commission of the French silk manufacturers remain the most authoritative guides we have to the possibilities of trade with great unexplored markets of the interior of the empire. It is the turn of America to take up and continue the work which was so well begun in 1897, and to see that it is placed in hands equally capable. The field is the most inviting one that the world has to offer to-day, because the results attending its thorough investigation may prove of untold value, and will certainly have an interest for no people so profound and far-reaching as they have for our own. Central and South America used $3,000,000 of our goods last year. They being our neighbors, our trade with them should be largely increased. From correspondence based on consular reports, it will be seen that the Mediterranean, Red Sea and Persian Gulf regions are clamoring for our goods and for reasons removable cannot obtain them. Mr. President, we believe these markets can be so developed that they will become large and regular users of our goods. We therefore respectfully request that you obtain authority from Congress to appoint to begin this work at once a special commission to take steps for the extention of the export markets for cotton products in China, Central and South America, the Persian Gulf, the Mediterrrean and Red Sea regions."

In conclusion the address called attention to the fact that in half a century from 1850 the value of cotton products has grown from $138,765,000 in 1850, to $731,946,000 in 1900 and that if we add to these figures the value of the products of the linen, jute, hemp bagging mills of the country, there is an additional product of $418,023,000; making the total value of the products of our textile mills, when they finally reach the market, $1,134,971,778.

This if added does not "include our great cotton seed industry, which represents a value of about $60,000,000 and which under the influences of the Grout bill is selling its oil to day at five cents a gallon under its relative value to other oils and greases."

The committee later conferred with Secretary of Agriculture Wilson.

WARM WIRELETS.

Schooners Samuel H. Sharp and Fanny Tracy, which were caught in the ice and went ashore at Ferguson's wharf, on the James river, have been towed into Norfolk by the Clark-Boushell tug Reliance. Both are leaking and will be lighted to ascertain damage by the ice to their hulls.

Rev. J. C. Crisp, a member of the North Carolina Methodist Conference, died at South Washington, N. C., Friday, February 17th, very suddenly of heart disease. The remains were sent to Charlotte, N. C., for interment. Mr. Crisp was 39 years of age.

President Garner, of the Jacksonsonville Board of Trade, has returned home from Washington, where he went to extend to President Roosevelt an invitation to visit Jacksonville. The President assured his acceptance of the invitation, in a tour to include Richmond, Atlanta, Montgomery and possibly some other Southern cities, but fixing no definite time for the visit.

The will of J. Samuel McCue, hanged for wife murder in Charlottesville, Va., was admitted to probate yesterday. Four brothers of McCue qualified as executors, giving bond for $100,000. The will is in McCue's handwriting and the entire estate is left to the ex-Mayor's children, three boys and one girl; $200 is left to erect a monument over McCue's parents' grave. This will was made on Sept. 10, 1904, six days after the murder and three days after the arrest.

A tremendous fire supposed to have started from spontaneous combustion was raging on Piers 3 and 4 of the Hoosiac Tunnel docks at Boston, Mass., this morning. The steamer Philadelphia, of the Furner-Leland line, the steamer Balton Hall, of the Antwerp Line, with two others alongside the pier, with valuable cargoes were burned, the crews making a narrow escape. The docks were covered with imported goods of great value.

Indianapolis had a $1,500,000 fire Sunday, eight buildings including three hotels having been completely destroyed. The fire started in the large wholesale millinery house of Fohnley & McCrea. The Detroit Mich., Steel Casting Company was also destroyed by fire causing a loss of $100,000 and throwing 325 men out of employment. The same day the Symmes block in Denver, Col., was burned entailing a loss of $300,000, and seven business houses in Tyler, Texas, were destroyed.

Senator Tillman reached his home at Trenton, S. C., Sunday, after a brief stay in Philadelphia under treatment of specialists. The Philadelphia physicians confirmed the diagnosis that Senator Tillman is suffering from grip poisoning affecting one of his nerves. The throat trouble with which he suffered last winter has been entirely relieved, and the specialists agree that the Senator's general condition is excellent, but he will not return to Washington during this session of Congress, being advised to rest for a while.

GREATER NAVY THE PROGRAMME.

The House Yesterday Appropriated Nearly $20,000,000 for Our Sea Fighters.

WILL BUILD TWO WARSHIPS.

Baker, of New York, Played Pool and Invited the House to Expel Him for Sentiments Unworthy of a Member of Congress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The House to-day after a seven-hour session passed the naval appropriation bill, carrying a total of $99,914,359. The provision for two battleships, as reported by the committee on naval affairs, was retained. Both the majority and minority were badly divided over the proposition, at least forty members of the latter going over to the Republicans, while about an equal number of Republicans voted in opposition. Several important changes in the bill were made. The proposed increase of twelve hundred men and officers for the marine corps was stricken out, as was also the provision authorizing the construction of a collier somewhere else than at the Mare Island navy yard, in California. In order to do the work better an item of $175,000 was inserted for the proper equipment of the Mare Island yard.

An amendment was offered by Mr. Perkins, of New York, proposing a reduction in the number of new battleships from two to one. Pending action, Mr. Rixey, of Virginia, opposed the construction of any new battleships at all upon the plea that sufficient officers could not be provided for them and also that the United States in the matter of battleship construction, was building faster than Great Britian. If was sufficient, he said, to keep pace with her. The statement was denied by Mr. Foss, which caused Mr. Maddox, of Georgia, to enquire why the United States should not be first among the navies of the world. He did not believe in haggling over two ships but thought the number should be increased to ten.

Mr. Rixey was supported in his contention by Mr. W. W. Kitchen of North Carolina alleging that the United States was upbuilding its navy faster than any nation on earth. The money proposed to be appropriated, he insisted, could better be diverted to the construction of public buildings.

Replying to the arguments of Messrs. Rixey and Kitchin, Mr. Hemenway, of Indiana, declared that it would be a mistake just at this time, when the United States was moving to the front as a world power, to have it understood that she had stopped building warships with which to uphold the Monroe doctrine and to strengthen the hands of her representatives abroad. He said that the ship yards were prepared to do the work now better than ever before, or than they would be later if the machinery was stopped for several years, and the present force of efficient workmen disturbed. The Perkins amendment was defeated 131 to 144, which had the effect of passing the provisions for two ships.

W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina, sought to secure an appropriation of $4,000,000 for a government armor plant factory, but his amendment went out on a point of order. Several times during the debate the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius was referred to, the subject being brought up by Mr. Baker, of New York, who condemned the action of President Roosevelt in sending a message of condolence to Russia expressing the sentiment that the government and American people viewed the act with abhorrence. The people, he declared did view with abhorrence the massacre in St. Petersburg on January 22, but the President, he said had not seen fit to send a message of condolence on that occasion He was replied to by Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, who took the ground that regardless of the Duke or the question of the right or wrong of Russia's policy toward her subjects, the President in sending the message he did had done exactly what civilization recognized as his duty.

The climax came later in the day when Mr. Baker read a resolution on the subject which he subsequently introduced and which in effect was a reiteration of his remarks previously made. He explained that his object in so doing was because it had been suggested that in that event a motion would be made to expel him. He shouted defiance to any member of the House to make the motion, as he deposited the resolution, and took his seat amid the confusion and turmoil which the incident had created.

General applause was accorded Mr. Maddox, of Georgia, when he declared that the Democratic side of the House did not approve of "this damnable assassination." He said the Democrats believed in fair rights. "We don't believe in slaughter," he said, "and we don't believe in this business which caused the slaughter of the Grand Duke." "And," he added, "the Democratic party does not stand for it now nor will it ever do so."

Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, said adjournment of Congress out of respect to the Russians killed on January 23d, as proposed by Mr. Baker, would have been a stupid exhibition of ignorance. He declared that in sending his message of condolence, the President had done exactly what civilization recognized as his duty.

The House then adjourned until to-morrow.

IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Whether the Senate conferees on the Statehood bill will represent that defeated joint Statehood for Arizona and New Mexico or the party that fought for the retention of that provision was debated at length in the Senate to-day but no decision was reached. The usual manner is to name as conferees the two ranking majority members and the ranking minority member of the committee having the bill in charge. In the present case it was contended by Senators Gorman and Teller that the conferees, if so named, would not represent the sentiment for the bill as passed by the Senate, the arguments were interrupted by the convening of the Senate as a court to hear the Swayne impeachment charges, but will be continued to-morrow. The House managers in the Swayne trial rested their case to-day and the defence opened.

Robert L. Henry, of Waco, Texas, testified that Judge Swayne walked four blocks to the court house in Waco, and testimony was offered to show that Judge Swayne had not expended any money for travel.

Michael Murphy, of Pensacola, Fla., who was a deputy sheriff when Simeon Belden was put in jail for contempt, was called as a witness, but he was not allowed to testify as to the condition of the jail.

Ex-Senator Higgins, in opening for the defense, referred to the charges against Judge Swayne as diminutive, and said that if the accused was found guilty he would be barred from any further career on the bench and from holding any other position of honor. Taking up the charges Mr. Higgins first considered the Florida McGuire case. He placed in the record a number of documents relating to that trial, and declared that there would have been no contempt proceedings against Belden and Davis if they had gone into court, as did Judge Pasquet, and explained that they had proceeded under the belief that Mrs. Swayne had taken title to a part of the property in controversy.

Mr. Higgins was still speaking when the court adjourned for the day.

THE STORM LAST NIGHT.

Rain Fell in Torrents—City Was Partly in Darkness.

A portion of the city was in darkness, the streets were flooded with water and the sidewalks were almost impassible as the result of a very heavy rain storm which passed over Wilmington last night, continuing until 1 o'clock this morning. Rain poured in torrents and it lightened and thundered intermittently all night. Trouble for the electric light and power people began early in the night when one of the main wires from the power house went down somewhere in the city, apparently paralyzing for the time the entire system. Then in other parts of the city there were minor troubles which kept every lineman and every electrician in the employ of the company "on the jump." They worked like heroes in a blinding rain and in pitch darkness and thanks to their efforts a greater portion of the lights were kept burning all night. Circuit No. 2, which carries all the lights north of the railroad and a few this side, was out of commission all night but it was beyond human power to locate and remedy the trouble last night.

Suburban car No. 31, which left the city for Wrightsville with five passengers at 9 o'clock, got no farther than Commissary Bay, near Greenville Sound. Motorman Hobbs was in charge with no conductor, when the trolley came off, caught the span wire and pulled a pole across the track, also breaking one of the large feed wires. All other cars for the night on the suburban line were annulled. A repair crew went down to the scene of of the trouble and the car succeeded in getting back to the city at 1 o clock this morning.

LOCAL PORT PARAGRAPHS.

Slump in Cotton Market—Schooner in for Harbor—Seminole Proceeded.

Schooner "Crescent," Capt Mehaffey, from Georgetown, S. C., to New York, is at Southport for harbor.

The revenue cutter "Seminole" left Southport Sunday for a cruise South and the telegraphic address of the vessel until further notice will be Charleston, S. C.

There was a slump in the cotton market yesterday, futures having been off from 25 to 30 points and the spot market having declined from above eight cents to quiet at 7.90. Local receipts yesterday were 308 bales.

Mr. Bishop Promoted.

Mr. W. D. Bishop, the popular manager of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., in this city, has been promoted to the position of superintendent of the Wilmington district, embracing the territory on the S. A. L. between Wilmington and Charlotte. Superintendent Bishop will this week install agencies at Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg and other places. He will have about twenty-five agents under him, including four assistant superintendents. Two of these officers are Messrs. D. M. and S. J. Jones, of this city, and the other two are to be sent here by the company from northern territory.

A "Presidential Social."

Thursday evening of this week the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will give a "Presidential Social" in the parlors of the Association and elaborate arrangements are being made for the event. There will be a programme of music and other features with a spread of dainty refreshments. The admission fee will be regulated by a most unique method, each gentleman attending being required to pay one cent for each president during whose administration he has lived. The ladies will be elegantly costumed and it is proposed to make the reception one of the largest and prettiest of the season.

Fayetteville Bank Affair.

So far as could be learned last night there were no developments in the Fayetteville bank case. A two weeks' terms of civil court, upon which the Legislature conferred authority to try criminal cases in order to get a speedy trial for the negro rapist, Walter Partridge, convened yesterday morning, but the cases of the bank officials were crowded out by the Partridge matter. The negro was arraigned yesterday and a special venire was ordered by the court for his trial.

Y. M. C. A. Men's Meetings

The Y. M. C. A. men's meeting Sunday afternoon was addressed by the Rev. J. A. McKaughan. His address, practical and earnest, proved him to be an exceptionally strong speaker to men. Forty men heard him with great pleasure and profit. An effort is now being made to secure the Rev. T. N. Ivey, Editor of the Raleigh Christian Advocate, to address the meeting next Sunday and doubtless he will consent to do so.

Delightful Bal Poudre.

Miss Sara Catlett last night from 8:30 to 11 o'clock delightfully entertained members of her afternoon dancing class at a bal poudre in Hibernian Hall. The costumes were very becoming and the young men of the evening classes were present and made it an evening of supreme pleasure for all. The affair was a great credit to Miss Catlett and also to her pupils.

The Finest and Purest Champagnes contain no artificial addition of alcohol, and as such G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry ranks preeminently above all other brands, hence its immense importations of 181,890 cases in 1904.

Vote here for the Merchants' Gift Library.

REHDER'S,

Vote here for the Merchants' Gift Library.

We Give Premium Punch Cards.

Spring Showing of Two Celebrated American Shoes.

The Crawford Shoe for Men

$3.50 and $4.50.

The Dolly Madison Shoe for Women.

$2.50, $3 and $3.50.

Different from the average $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes, and characterized by an exclusiveness of designs and finishes that place it at the head of high quality Shoes.

Low Quarters in Patent Colt.

Vici Kid, Velour Calf and Russett Calf. All here for you to choose from.

TAN WILL BE THE POPULAR SHADE THIS SPRING AND SUMMER.

Out of town parties ordering send 35 cents for transportation charges

Pronounced the most stylish, comfortable and best finished Shoe made for fashionable women. The Tan and Pattent Colt Oxfords are handsome. Ask to see the pretty Tan and Pattent Colt, Gibson Ties

If you can't come here to see the styles.

Phone us your address.

J. H. REHDER & CO,

615, 617, 619 North Fourth Street.

City Car fare paid on purchases amounting to $2.00 and over. Transportation charges on all out of town orders amounting to $5 00 and over.

feb 18 tf

Sugar Making In 1700.

The historian Lafittall, the period of whose observation dated back to 1700-05, describes how in March the Indians make transverse incisions with their hatchets, from which trickles an abundance of water, which they afterward boil over a fire. He says the sugar thus made has nearly always a burned taste, but that the French make it better than the Indian women, from whom they learned how to make it. Bossu, writing in 1756, is equally explicit as to the source of sugar making.

Nothing to Do.

Towne—The last time I saw Jenkins he was looking pretty blue; said he had nothing to do.

Browne—He told me the same thing today when I met him, but he was quite cheerful.

Towne—Resigned to it, I suppose.

Browne—Resigned to it! No; just appointed to it. He's got a political job.—Philadelphia Press.

Soothing.

Pompous Customer—That insect powder you sold me the other day is no good. The cockroaches fatten on it.

Affable Salesman—Yes, sir. That's the first stage. They get fat on it and then die of apoplexy. Come round next week and report again. Anything I can do for you, ma'am?

Heroic Sacrifice.

Belle—Do you think Chappie loves me?

Grace—I know it. He told me today that he was going to shave off his mustache so that he could devote more thought to you.

Encouraging.

The Prospective Bride—I sometimes wish I had more experience in housekeeping and domestic life.

The Old Stager—But, my dear, if you had you would never get married.

Brutally Frank.

The Wife—What will you do when you have no little wife to mend your clothes for you?

The Wretch—Have money to buy new ones.—Exchange.

On pleasant days there is no better place to spend an hour or two than the beach. The 10 o'clock car lays over ta the beach an hour and three quarters. The 3 o'clock car lays over an hour and one quarter.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES FOR RENT or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—Lady or gentleman of fair education to travel for a firm of $50,000 capital salary $1 075 per year and expenses; paid weekly. Address M, Percival Wilmington, N. C. feb 21 1t*

Mule Wagon and Harness:—All in first class shape; will be sold right, as we have no further use for them. Carolina Pole Co., No. 7 Masonic Temple. feb 21 Dd W 1t.

Boarders Wanted — Comfortable rooms and good table board can be had at 219 North Third street. fe 19 2t

For Sale—On North Seventh street, two story house, eleven rooms, cistern and all conveniences, lot 82x110, $2,250. On Chesnut street, south of Fifth, house with all conveniences, electric lights, 7 rooms, $2,750. Two lots on Wright 33x86 $100 each. Two houses and lots on Wright, $350 each. One house and lot on corner of Wright, $675. All on Wright street for $1,025. Call at M. C. Darby & Co., 114½ Princess street, real estate agents. fe 19 2t

Charming Baltimore Widow seeks gentleman correspondent between ages of 35 and 50. None but good Christian men of education and refinement need answer. Address Mrs. E. F. Handy, General Delivery, Baltimore, Md. feb 17 3tr

For Rent—Residence with seven rooms, modern conveniences, close in. Also furniture, carpets, etc., for sale or rent with house. Address "House," care STAR. fe 11 tf

We want to put a velvet collar on your Overcoat. Wilmington Pressing Club. no 5 tf

Call on A. S. Winstead for Oranges, Apples, Bananas, Irish Potatoes, and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 213 Market street. Bell 'Phone 328. dec 22 tf

Hello! Call phone No. 1139. D. A. Bowen, Practical Tin and Sheet Iron Worker, Plumber and Gas Fitter, 218 Market St. no 29 3 m

NEW GOODS

Finnan Haddock,

first of the season.

The Finest Bread and Rolls that money will buy.

Wilmington Grocery Co.,

Jno. L. Boatwright, Manager

'Phone 14. feb 11 tf

100

ROLLS of MATTING

Just Arrived.

NOTE PRICES:

25 ROLLS 35 CENTS QUALITY 25 CENTS YARD.

50 " 29 " " 22 " "

25 " 25 " " 18 " "

This Week Only.

$3.50 Moquet Rugs $2.39.

How Is This:

12 1-2 cents	40 Inch Lawns	-	10 cents
15 "	40 Inch "	-	12 1-2 "
25 "	40 Inch "	-	18 "
35 "	Persian Lawns	-	25 "

Write For Samples.

Geo. O. Gaylord,

206, 208, 210 North Front Street.

The Place That Saves You Money.

feb 21 tf

H. M. BREMER. G. J. McMILLAN.

The Elite Market,

S. W. Sanders' Old. Stand,

N. E. Corner Market and Second Streets.

I will open at the above location on or about FEBRUARY 22ND, when I will be prepared to serve my customers and the general public with the best Meats, Poultry, &c., to be obtained.

It will be my purpose to serve all faithfully and merit a fair share of patronage.

H. M. BREMER

feb 19 tf

SHOES REPAIRED.

Send us your repair work. This is the only place in the city where you can have your shoes repaired and VOTE FOR THE LIBRARY.

Solomon's Shoe Store.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,

of Wilmington, N. C.

Organized March, 1899.

Capital and surplus.....$450,000.

Largest deposits. Largest assets. Strongest Bank in this section. U. S. Government, State, County and City Depository. Every facility consistent with sound business methods.

H. C. McQUEEN, President,

I. V. BRAINGER, Vice President.

ja 21 tf